

Table of Contents

| 1 How to start the ONLINE | 4 |
|---|----|
| 20NDISPLAY | 8 |
| 2.1Ondisplay commands with figures | 8 |
| 2.2Details of ondisp subw Flags | 32 |
| 3Communication-Handler (COMH) | 33 |
| 4Defining Subarray | 35 |
| 5Feed Rotation & their calibration | 37 |
| 6Running Correlator | 39 |
| 7Settings for RF, LO & IF | 42 |
| 7.1Single frequency settings | 42 |
| 7.2Dual frequency settings | 43 |
| 7.3Example of a cdsetX file | 43 |
| 7.4Frequency and releted parameter setting | 44 |
| 7.4.1Band Selection | 45 |
| 7.4.2Solar Attenuator | 45 |
| 7.4.3Polarization | 45 |
| 7.4.4Cal-Noise level | 46 |
| 7.4.5LO Frequency | 46 |
| 7.4.6IF Attenuation | 46 |
| 7.4.7IF band width | 46 |
| 7.4.8ALC status | 46 |
| 7.4.9Front End Parameter | 46 |
| 7.4.10Baseband Related Parameters | 47 |
| 7.4.11Baseband LO frequency(fourth LO) setting | 48 |
| 8Baseband settings | 49 |
| 9Power Equalisation | 52 |
| 9.1Power equalisation using Baseband output | 52 |
| 9.1.1Power equailise through mithun | 52 |
| 9.1.2Power equailise through astro0 | 53 |
| 9.2Power Equalisation Using 30-to-1 | 54 |
| 10How to do the POINTING | 56 |

| 10.1Pointing with Self Power | 57 |
|---|----|
| 10.2With Cross Correlations | 59 |
| 11On Off deflection test for 30 to 1 | 61 |
| 11.10n source recording | 61 |
| 11.2Off source recording | 62 |
| 11.3Measuring the deflection between on & off source data | 62 |
| 12How to start the observation | 63 |
| 13TroubleShooting | 69 |
| 13.1MSEB Power fails for some or all antennae. | 69 |
| 13.2Antenna applies brakes in elevation | 69 |
| 13.3Antenna applies brakes in azimuth | 69 |
| 13.4Antenna applies brakes in both elevation and azimuth | 69 |
| 13.5Antenna gives ABC time out | 69 |
| 13.6Antenna got reset (see Flags in ONDISP) | 70 |
| 13.7If antenna goes in "I" mode | 70 |
| 13.8If ONLINE disk gets full | 70 |
| 13.9If servo doesn't go in "z" mode | 70 |
| 13.10Servo not releasing brakes | 70 |
| 13.11Servo reads high current 204 or 203 Amps | 70 |
| 13.12All MCM's are giving time out except MCM 0 | 71 |
| 13.13Das doesn't get initiated | 71 |
| 13.14Ist LO is not getting lock | 71 |
| 13.15No fringes in antennas | 71 |
| 13.16No fringe on newly added antenna | 71 |
| 13.17Low amplitude | 72 |
| 13.18Wind goes high | 72 |
| 14Appendix | 73 |
| 14.1ABC IDs | 73 |
| 14.2Feed information | 74 |

| Telescope Operation Manual | Page numbers |
|---|--------------|
| 14.3Online Commands | 75 |
| 14.3.10ld ONLINE Procedures | 75 |
| 14.3.2New ONLINE Procedures For SUN Machine | 75 |

1 How to start the ONLINE

To start *ONLINE*:

- 1. Start the Master
- 2. Start ONDISP
- 3. Start COMH i.e. communication handler
- 4. Start sub-array-0 with USER0 for all antennae
- 5. Start sub-array-1 with USER1 for CEB
- 6. Start other users

NOTE: While giving commands please observe the <u>ONDISP</u> window.

a) Starting ONDISP

Start the ONDISP window by giving the command ondisp on any bhaskar terminal.

```
> ondisp
```

b) Start the MASTER

First of all kill all running processes of ONLINE by giving command killon -a. Open any new terminal in BHASKAR and give following commands

```
> work
> ./ONLINE & ~onsoft/data/3jun.dat
```

From here the MASTER window will start.

Then it will ask for the user ID,

```
user ID ? >40
```

Then to start the the 3rd june log (i.e. Today's log)

```
> startup'3jun.log'
```

c) Setting up the communication of antennas with the COMH

We have to start <u>ROUTER</u> first on the BHASKAR machine. Give the following commands,

```
> ssh router@jupiter
password:.router
> rtrlinux &¹
```

Click the *record* file option and enter a filename as, rtr 3jun.dat

Give

> scctask command in MASTER.

Click Start on the ROUTER interface.

After starting the ROUTER go to MASTER window and type,

> stcomant

d) To start USER0 window

In the same i.e. MASTER window you type

```
> strtproc'user0'
```

And watch ONDISP.

After this command it will give the token no. say=xxxxxxxxxx

Now you have to open new terminal on BHASKAR & type in that,

```
> work
> USER0 > & ~onsoft/data/u0_3jun.dat
Again it will ask for user ID,
user ID ?
>40
```

Then to connect the user0 to ONLINE give, >userconn

Now it will ask for token no. ? Give the token no. as >xxxxxxxxx

Inserting all antennas in user0:

¹ This will start router interface in background.

Page numbers

```
>suba 0 calling subarray 0
>sndsacant send antenna mask to specified subarry 0
```

Watch the ONDISP window.

e) To start the USER1 window

```
We have to give follwing commands in USER0 >strtproc'subac1' it will start subarray 1.
```

Now to add CEB in the USER1 >ante 1 0 >cp 0;defs 0;suba 0 >sndsacant >strtproc'user1'

Then it will give the token no. in the USER0 window say=yyyyyyyyy

Open new terminal on the BHASKAR & give the commands,

```
>work
>./user1.5
```

>userconn

It will ask for user ID, user ID ? >40

Give the token no. which is displayed in the USER0 window.

```
Token no.?
>yyyyyyyyyy
>ante 1 0
>cp 0;defs 0;suba 0
>sndsacant
```

f) To start the USER4

Go to ADITYA machine and on that login to the BHASKAR machine & in that you type,

```
>work
>./user4.5
user ID ?
>40
>userconn
```

Give the token no.

```
Token no. ?
>zzzzzzzzz
>allant
>cp 0;defs 0;suba 0
```

| Telescope Operation I | vianua. | l |
|-----------------------|---------|---|
|-----------------------|---------|---|

Page numbers

>sndsacant

So this way you can start the ONLINE and the output can be seen on ondisp window.

2 ONDISPLAY

On-display is a very important utility which interfaces the user to the system. It gives the status of the all antennas and their all sub-systems every second. Using this interactive module user always can know observatory status.

The ondisplay has following general commands:

>help

To see what type of display windows/ commands are available.

>sels n

Select sub-array number n (n=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5).

>sela r

Select antenna having ABC ID (refer Appendix 14.1) n.

>sela c00

Select antenna C00 i. e. you can select antenna with name also. Name should be three character wide.

>sela 77

Enables selective ABC messages.

>sela 33

Enables all ABC messages.

>redr

Redraw / refresh the selected window for display.

2.1 Ondisplay commands with figures

This topic explains the command generated monitoring windows with their figures.

>gens

This gives us the general status of antennae i.e. distribution among various sub-array and their configuration. Configuration means under which sub-array how many antennae are defined.

```
TIME: 16: 5:16 LST: 12:43:33.2
                                                           PACKET: 3245707
DATE: 2005auq9
                user4.5: ABC SET TIME16:00:58,09-08-2005
gens
            CEB C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 C06 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 E02
            C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 C06 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 E02 E03 E04 E05
SUBO PERM
USRO USIN
            C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 C06 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 E02 E03 E04 E05
SUB1 PERM
            CEB
USR1 USIN
            CEB
SUB4 PERM
            C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 C06 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 E02 E03 E04 E05
            C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 C06 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 E02 E03 E04 E05
USR4 USIN
```

DATE: Shows current date. TIME: Shows current indian standard time. LST: Shows the local sidreal time.

ABC SET TIME: Shows the time of latest updated time for ABC (Antenna Base Computer). PACKET: Packets received by the online through COMH.

If any antenna is not in the SUB-ARRAY and it is in USER then all the commands which you give will not reach to that antenna, similarly if any antenna is in the SUB-ARRAY and not in the USER, still all commands will fail for that antenna. Therefore SUB N and USR N must contain identical elements.

Shows COMH status.

```
DATE: 2005aug9 TIME: 16:58: 9 LST: 13:36:34.9 PACKET: 3255220
SAC4 3254530 subac4.5: ABC SET TIME16:54:15,09-08-2005
                             COMHSTAT
 Debug Mode:
                             Disabled
                                        Broadcast Cmds Issued:
 Comh cycle time:
                                        Abc Pkts Rcvd:
                                                                     6573344
 Proq Ver:
                                        Pkts To Unix:
                                                                    1078644
                            7287
279
5
1
5541
 Abc Timeouts:
                                        Pkts To ABC:
                                                                    23059
 Abc Chksums:
                                        BR CMDS IN O:
                                        BR CMD SENT FLAG:
 To Unix Errors:
                          1
5541
90
                                                                    206 : 0
 From Unix Errors:
                                        CRC:Overrun
 Unix cmds Rcvd:
                                        TxUndrun:Abrt
                                                                    0:73
 Comh Cmds Rcvd: 90
Cmdoverflowlnk.errcnt: 0
                                        Rec Tm:Xmit Tm
                                                                   1:0
                                        Reset Chip:
                                                                     19
 To Abc Xmittmouts:
 Abc Notreadycnt:
                        0:0:0:
                             22358
 Ring Buffer err cnt:
 Abcs:
                             10
 ABC Cmds Issued:
```

In this window we are able to get the status of the Communication Handler.

Here Abc Timeouts: will give the no. which will increase when Communication Handler is timeout or unconnected to the COMH PC.

Otherwise instead of this window we can use PC ROUTER window in the ONLINE desktop.

>subw

Shows sub-array window containing information about number of antennae in sub-array, which source whole sub-array is tracking ,with their target azimuth and elevation angles and many more.

```
DATE: 2005aug9
                                     LST: 13:54:14.8
                  TIME: 17:15:46
                                                         PACKET: 3258367
SAC4 3258211
               subac4.5: ABC SET TIME17:14:53,09-08-2005
subw
 ProgID: 4
                         NoAnt: 30
                                       State: TRKG
                                                    OUTTRK
                                               Offs How much deg or dec. offs
 Source: NGC4151 12h10m32.73 39d24'19.6"
Target: Az: 137d49'05.2"
                                     59d52'37.5"
               C03
                    C04
                         C05 C06 C08
                                      C09 C10
      -80" -17' 98"
                    48"
                         7 '
                              3 '
                                   3 '
                                       -5' 2'
                                                 14"
                                       -10' 5'
                                   7 '
     -55" 6'
               23"
                    9 '
                         -85" 9'
                                                 14'
                                                      -3'
   m
                           m
     E04 E05 E06 W01
                         W02
                             W03 W04 W05
                                            W06
                                            -4'
          -84" -6' -3'
                             18d -137 -3'
                         53"
          5' -15' -8' 5'
                              10'
                                  -60d 12'
                                   MBb m
```

ProgID: Sub-array number. NoAnt: Number of antennae in the sub-array.

State: Gives the state of the antennae (TRKG or IDLE) & the track (OUTTRK or INNER).

Source: Gives source RA and DEC. Offs: When it is off from the source it shows how much deg or dec apart from the source.

Where each character under antenna name (e.g. m, B, MBb) is having its own meaning, which is given in section 2.2. For example z means antenna is slewing, b means antenna applied elevation brakes etc.

It is same as the sub-array window except there is difference in the naming that is we call this window as sub-array control window and the subw window shows MCM time-outs but sacw window doesn't show MCM time-out symbol.

```
TIME: 17:16:52
DATE: 2005auq9
                                   LST: 13:55:21.0
              subac4.5: ABC SET TIME17:14:53,09-08-2005
SAC4 3258211
sacw
 ProgID: 4
            TRUE
                       NoAnt: 30
                                     State:TRKG
                                                OUTTRK
 Source: NGC4151 12h10m32.73 39d24'19.6"
 Target: Az: 137d34'38.5"
                              El: 59d42'06.2"
 C00 C01 C02 C03
                  C04
                       C05 C06 C08
                                    C09
                                             C11 C12 C13 C14 E02
         29" 93"
                   64"
                       66" 41" 72"
                                     51"
                                        2 '
                                              85"
                                                  68"
 -16" 3" -22" 31" 5"
                       4" -25" -13" -11" 17" 12" -15" 11" 26"
 E03 E04 E05 E06 W01 W02 W03
                                W04 W05 W06 S01 S02 S03 S04 S06
         -92" -3'
                   30"
                       43"
                                -137 -4'
                                         -5' 2' 3'
 -34" -2'
                            37d
 36" 47" 68" 92"
                       67" 75" -60d 3'
                                         4' -98" -2' -3' -4' -6'
                                MBb
```

>abcs

This command will gives the ABC status of selected antennae i.e. to see the ABC status of any antenna we have to first select it by sela xxx command here xxx refers to the antenna name in three characters otherwise it will show status of the previously selected antenna.

```
DATE: 2005auq9
                   TIME: 17:21:43
                                       LST: 14:00:12.8
                                                            PACKET: 3259425
SAC4 3258211
                subac4.5: ABC SET TIME17:14:53,09-08-2005
abcs
                                 time 017:21:39
   ABCSTATC00(7) [APPLN]
                                                    pkt no: 903300
 Proq Ver
                                03-06-1998,01.30
                                                    MCM STATUS
                                                                          1427
 Debug Mode
                                                     Mcm Timeouts
                                                     Mcm Chksums
 LINK STATUS
 For Link Timeouts
                                0
                                                     ABC Timeouts By MCM 0
                                0
 For Link Chksums
                                                     ABC Chksums By MCM
 Ret Link Timeouts
                                126
 Ret Link Chksums
                                                     SERVO STATUS
 ABC Sent large Pkts
                                 0
                                                     Servo Cmds Issued
                                                                          873740
 Cmds Issued/Aborted For ABC
                                0:0
                                                     Naks From/To Servo
                                                                          0:119
 BR Cmds Issued/Aborted For ABC 3540:0
                                                                          115:1956
                                                     Engs From/To Servo
 ABC Not Ready
                                                     Servo Cmd Tm Out
                                                                          32
 Mcm Cmds Issued
                                 1710455
                                                     BufErrCnt BufFulcnt 0:10
 Mcms Active
                 0: 2: 3: 9: e:
 Mcm Link
                --:--:<u>T</u>-:
```

time: This is the current time of the Antenna base computer, which becomes idle when ABC is time out. When antenna gets reset then the time will show for how much time the antenna is in reset state, after this we have to initialise antenna.

Ret Link Timeouts: When ABC times out then this number increases.

Mcms Active & Mcm Link: Shows how many MCMs are active and there link status.

In the above figure ABC status of C00 antenna is shown. This will show if the antenna is time-out or it is communicating well. Also the MCMs configured with their link status is given. If MCM is time-out it shows 'T', in above window MCM 14 is showing time-out status.

>srvw

Shows the servo status for selected antenna. This window shows antenna's azimuth & elevation position, motor current, tacho of motors, servo mode (i.e. remote, manual, off or local), antenna's brake status, wind speed.

```
DATE: 2005auq9
                    TIME: 17:47:12
                                         LST: 14:25:46.0
                                                               PACKET: 3263968
SAC4 3263911
                 subac4.5: LOAD NEW SRC SPECIFIC TRAK PARA
  SERVO C00(07) servo time 017:47:03
                                                   ELEV
                                                                      GEN
                 AZIMUTH
                              ELEVATION
                                                            AZIM
            +310:52:38
                           +055:38:24
                                            D
             +130:52:38
                                            Ι
                           +055:38:24
                                                   run
                                                            run
                                            G
                                                                      remo[auto],[loc]
  targe po
            +130:08:49
                           +058:57:45
            -002:55:00
                           +009:00:00
                                            Ι
  poten po
                                                                      acok
                 -20.17
                                  4.30
                                            Т
  motor1
                                 -9.02
                 -4.87
  motor2
                                            Α
                                                                      ssok
  tacho1
               -1328.20
                              1261.35
                                                                      posn
  tacho2
               -1371.18
                              -1223.87
                                                  [stwd]
                                                                     [trka]
  wind12
                   0.00
                                  0.00
                                            S
                                                  [stps]
                                                                      slwq
                                                   strl
                                                                      cwrp
                                                  [brk1]
                                                            [brk1]
                                                  [brk2]
                                                            [brk2]
```

The terms in the bracket are showing the possibilities of the status or flag which may come during the process of observation.

poten po: not in use nowadays, encod po: parameter to see the encoder position, astro po: shows astronomical coordinates of the source, targe po: shows the current encoder position of antenna. wind12: wind speed at antenna by wind meters 1 & 2.

[stps]: (stow position): elevation of antenna at 90d,

[stwd]: (stowed): antenna stowed, strl: stow released, [brkl] & [brk2]: antenna applied brakes in respective axis, remo, [auto], [loc]: in which mode antenna is. In servo off-mode no flag comes at the mode position & servo time stops, acok: servo A.C. (alternating current) okay, ssok: servo station computer okay, posn or [trkg]: whether antenna is in tracking or positioned mode, slwg: antenna is slewing, cwrp: cables are wraped.

>srvs

Shows servo status like offsets, stowangle, wind limit, software lower limit, software higher limit. We are able to see the servo set parameters by giving rdsrvs in the user window by defining that particular antenna.

| DATE: 2005aug9 USR4 3311061 srvs | | | Γ: 18:49:24.2 | PACKET: 3 | 311380 |
|--|--------|--|--|-----------|--------|
| | MUTH E | ne 022:08:22 CLEVATION +000:02:59 +090:00:00 +016:30:00 +105:00:00 0.29 0.00 0.17 0.00 4.20 0.30 40.00 | Date 9- 8-2 Version 2.51 Station CO Selftest 30 | | |

The above figure shows the servo status of an antenna C00 but here the antenna name is not displayed only the antenna ID is shown i.e. 07 (Refer Appendix 14.1). Also it is showing the gains of Type I as well as Type II systems which are not for user, these parameters are for the engineers.

Use losm command when LO1 is greater than 600 MHz & losw when LO1 is less than 600 MHz.

The above command gives the information about which LO is set at what time also whether it is lock or unlock & many other parameters which are helpful for LO engineers. But for normal user which LO is set at what time & its lock or unlock status is important.

```
DATE: 2005aug10
                  TIME: 19: 5:11
                                 LST: 15:47:54.3 PACKET: 100205
USR0 100128 user0.5: SENDING OUED COMMANDS
losm
    018:45:47
                          LOS MONITOR - ABC( 7)C00
                                                              STATE: 015
                                                  M=8 N=19
                YIG
                            MCM
VCO ON
                                              Mode: AUTO OLI
                                                                  : LOCKED [UNLOCK]
VCO Pow : 09.3
                  dBm
                            Map
                                     : Syn1-Ch1 Syn2-Ch2 ATTR
                                                                  : 06 dB
LO Freq
        : 1040.00 MHz
                            Syn Step: 5 MHz
                                                         YIGDAC
                                                                  : 33
LO Pow
        : 09.3
                  dBm LOW Rack Temp:
                                                         LV-C
                                                                  : 01.7 V
ALI-CV
       : 02.4 V LOCK
                                     : OK
                                                         HTRV
                                                                  : 21.4 V
                            SP4TS
POWER SUPPLY : Voltage : Current
                                                Voltage
VCO YIG: (+18V:220) 238 : (150) 162 CONTROL: (+ 5V:240) 237
VCO YIG: (-12V: 20) 021 : (110) 113 CONTROL: (-6V: 20) 018
LOPAM : (+12V:240) 238 : (140) 130 MCM
                                        :(+12V:240) 240
MOTOROL: (+ 5V:240) 239 : (150) 130 MCM
                                        :(-12V: 20) 019
                                                        Req Frq
                                                                   Set Frq
GIGABIT: (+ 5V:240) 240 : (160) 130 MCM
                                      :(+5V:240)
                                                   240
                                                        -15078472 MHz
                                                                        1040 MHz
YIG
       :(+ 5V:240) 237 :(150) 143 WALSH :(+ 5V:240) 241
                                                        LAST UPDATE AT
YIG
       :(+15V:240) 233 :(150) 238 YIG
                                        :(+ 9V:240) 231
                                                         018:45:47
MESSAGE: Error code 100
                                                         COMMAND EXEC ERR
```

LO Freq: Which LO1 is selected. LOCKED or [UNLOCK]: Whether it is lock or unlock. (Bracketed option is the possibilities of flags coming that flag on same location.)

LAST UPDATE AT: The time of LO1 setting.

>losr

It gives the LO system's raw status of various monitoring channels, this status is for the LO engineers. Normally telescope users do not use this window for LO monitoring. The detail information can get from losm and losw windows.

```
DATE: 2005auq10
                   TIME: 18:50:56
                                        LST: 15:33:37.0
                                                            PACKET: 97708
USR2 97696
              user2.5: SELECT MCM MONITOR
                                             1FOR MCM
losr
    018:46:08
                      LOS MONITOR - ABC( 7)C00 - RAW MODE
                      130 130 130 249 130 134 129 222
                                                           130 130 250 129 250 255 222 129
                      130 130 130 250 130 134 129 132
                                                           130 130 251 129 128 253 129 129
                      130 130 130 250 130 255 129 222
                      231 131 130 130 252 255 215 128
                      066 131 130 129 252 255 215 244
                      233 142 130 130 130 255 236 127
                      137 127 134 129 128 255 021 128
                      236 140 130 130 128 250 240 129
                      023 105 130 130 128 228 234 129
                      130 128 128 130 128 166 021 129
                      130 128 128 129 250 029 234 129
                      130 130 250 129 128 255 132 129
                      130 130 250 129 128 255 221 129
                      130 130 250 129 250 234 132 129
                      130 130 250 129 250 255 222 129
```

It shows IF and LOR status for all antennae.

```
DATE: 2005auq10
                   TIME: 18:56:15
                                       LST: 15:38:56.9
                                                           PACKET: 98663
USR2 98641
              user2.5: SELECT MCM MONITOR 1FOR MCM
                                                       3TYPE 0
llorm
                        IF AND LOR STATUS ALL ANTENNA
  [ANC=>ABC NOT Confq. MCM?=>ABC TIMEOUT/MCM NOT Confq. X=>ERROR ]
  [OK=>Command exec OK (ATTN, BW, ALC set as Reqd.), ER=>Command exec ERROR]
  [N=>ALCFBV(Normal, Over, Under), M=>DETV(Exlow, Low, Medium, High, Vhigh)]
  [F=>OLI+LI=>(1111=> 1st bit OLI, last 3 bits for 1,105 & 200MHz LI]
                C12
                                C09
CEB
        C03
                        C04
                                        C02
                                                C01
                                                        C00
                                                                W01
                                                                        C11
MCM?
        MCM?
                ER XXX MCMT
                                ER XXX ER XXX
                                                MCMT
                                                        ER XXX
                                                                ER XXX
                                                                        MCMT
                ER XEX
                                ER XEX ER XEX
                                                        ER XEX
                                                                ER XEX
C14
        C13
                C10
                        W02
                                W03
                                        W04
                                                W05
                                                        E02
                                                                E03
                                                                        C05
                                        ER XXX
                                                        ER_XXX
ER XXX
        ER XXX
                ER XXX ER XXX ER XXX
                                                ER XXX
                                                                ER XXX
                                                                        ER XXX
ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX ER_XEX
```

Normally users do not use this monitoring window.

>mcmw

It shows MCM window, shows different MCM channels output.

For example, consider antenna C00 is defined and we want to see its MCM status. By giving above command ondisp will show status of MCM 0 default with channel 0 onwards.

```
DATE: 2005auq15
      TIME: 16:20: 9
            LST: 13:22:08.0
                  PACKET: 1123716
     subac4.5: ABC SET TIME16:18:17,15-08-2005
SAC4 1123383
mcmw
M(00)A(07) = 00:01:02:03:04:05:06:07:08:09:10:11:12:13:14:15:16:17:18:19:20:21:
016:19:35 e4:ff:e3:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:a-:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--
016:19:39 e4:ff:e3:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:81:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:
016:19:48 e3:ff:e3:ab:ab:ab:ab:ab:aa:81:--:--:--:--:--:--:--:
```

M(00)A(07): Shows MCM status of 0th MCM for antenna 07 (i.e. antenna C00 refer Appendix) on channel 0 onwards. If some body wants to select other MCM then there is command which is explained on next page.

>selm n

Selects MCM n i.e. if some body wants to see MCM 5 then give command selm 5.

If you want to see the channel-wise status of MCM then give a command selc n. It will enable to monitor all channels above the selected channel including same.

>selc n

Which will monitor all channel above this defined channels. For example we select channel 8.It will show all the channels above channel 8, including channel 8.

If the condition that you want to monitor only selected channels then give command selc n chan1 ... chan n. e.g. selc 2 8 64 i.e. selected channels are 2 and the channels are 8^{th} and 64^{th} .

Shows status of set IF parameters.

```
DATE: 2005aug15
                  TIME: 18:19:30
                                  LST: 15:21:48.6
                                                         PACKET: 1145045
USR0 1144876
               user0.5: SELECT MCM MONITOR 1FOR MCM
                                                       9TYPE 1
liflo
IF (Set)CH1(Reg) (Set)CH2(Reg) LOR
                                                            POWER
AGC CV
                                          :218 LOCKED
                                                          97.5RM : 165 NORMAL
         :216 NORMAL
                       211 NORMAL
                                    OLI
AGC STS
        :136 ON(OFF)
                       137 ON(OFF)
                                  1MHzCV:182 NORMAL
                                                          106RM : 169 NORMAL
         :000 VLOW
                                    105 CV:186 NORMAL
                       000 VLOW
                                                          201RM : 165 NORMAL
PRE ATTN : 16 dB ( 16)
                       12 dB ( 16) 200 CV:193 NORMAL
                                                          105VCXO: 161 NORMAL
POST_ATTN: 14 dB ( 16)
                        10 dB ( 16) 1MHzLI:150 LOCKED
                                                          105PAMP: 158 NORMAL
BANDWIDTH: 32 MHz (16)
                       ERROR( 16) 105 LI:150 LOCKED
                                                          100VCXO: 153 NORMAL
ADDR ENBL:
                                    200 LI:150 LOCKED
                                                                : 130 NORMAL
               OK
                                                          FRDOB
 SUPPLY C41A C41B C42 C43
                              D41
                                   D42 D43 D44
                                                 D45
                                                          200PAMP: 161 NORMAL
  +5V
                        OK
                                    OK
                                         OK
  -5V
                                    OK
                                                         IF AND LOR STATUS
 +10V
                                    OK --
                                                             ABC(7) C00
                               OK OK OK
OK OK OK
 +12V
          OK OK OK OK
                                             OK OK
 -12V
          -- -- ERR ERR
                                             OK OK
                                                        LAST UPDATE AT
 +18V
                                    OK --
                                                         018:18:40
 -18V
                                                        COMMAND EXEC ERR
```

The iflo shows monitoring of the IF and LOR system's parameters.

PRE_ATTN: Set pre-attenuations for the respective channel. (like 16 dB for CH1 & 12 dB for CH2)

POST_ATTN: Set post-attenuations for the respective channel.(like 14 dB for CH1 & 10 dB CH2)

BANDWIDTH: Set bandwidth here it is 32 MHz.

The required values are given under the (Req) column.

The rest flags are for the IFLO system engineers for monitoring PIU (Plug in unit), voltage, power counts.

>winw

Shows wind speed for all antennae.

DATE: 2005auq15 TIME: 18:41:50 LST: 15:44:12.3 PACKET: 1148970 subac4.5: ABC SET TIME18:38:07,15-08-2005 SAC4 1148323 winw WIND MONITOR -- ALL ANTENNA STATUS (kmph) [ANC=>Antenna NOT Configured.] Wind >= 35 -HIGHLIGHTED C03 C12 C04 C09 C02 C00 W01 C11 C14 C01 11.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 8.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.00 C13 C10 W02 W03 W04 W05 E02 E03 C05 C06 10.00 0.00 11.00 0.00 8.00 0.00 0.00 7.00 0.00 0.00 10.00 16.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 10.00 0.00 14.00 0.00 0.00 E05 S02 S06 E04 E06 C08 W06 S01 S03 S04 0.00 5.00 0.00 0.00 6.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 13.00 12.00 0.00 11.00 10.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 14.00 21.00

S06: Antenna.

12.00: Speed at wind meter 1. 21.00: Speed at wind meter 2.

>trkp

This is the tracking parameter window, which gives information about the longitude, latitude of the defined antenna. It shows the minimum & maximum software allowed angles for azimuth and elevation with a tracking state.

```
LST: 16:41:48.7
DATE: 2005auq15
                    TIME: 19:39:17
                                                             PACKET: 1159053
                subac4.5: ABC SET TIME19:35:51,15-08-2005
SAC4 1158451
sela c00
                        ABC
                                     TRKPARA C00(7)
 LAT:LONGITUDE
                   +019:06:00:-074:06:00
                                                      CDEC:SDEC
                                                                        21284
                                                                                  :23895
                                                                         250114461:222784523
 AZERR: ELERR
                    +000:00:00:+000:00:00
                                                      SLSD:SLCD
 AZMAX: AZMIN
                    +260:00:00:-260:00:00
                                                      CLSD:CLCD
                                                                        722576676:643620923
 ELMAX: ELMIN
                   +105:00:00:+020:00:00
                                                      INOUT: OVER 90
                                                                        OUTER
                                                                                  : UNDER
 STOWPOS: LONGCOR
                   +090:00:00:+000:00:00
                                                                        +000:00:00:+000:00:00
                                                      DRA: DDEC
 RA0:DEC0
                    +241:59:12:+048:18:27
                                                      DAZ:DEL
                                                                        +000:00:00:+000:00:00
 SINLT: COSLT
                   1046723
                               :3023966
                                                      TRD0:TAZEL
                                                                        +000:00:00:+000:00:00
                   +000:00:00:+000:00:00
 RAOFF: DECOFF
                                                      T0:LST0
                                                                         011:30:26: 008:27:41
 AZOFF: ELOFF
                    +000:00:00:+000:00:00
                                                      TMAX:STIME
                                                                         000:00:00: 000:00:00
 RA:DEC
                   +241:59:12:+048:18:27
 AZFLG
                   105147
                                                                        REM TRK
                                                      TRACK STATE:
                                                      TRACK STATUS:
```

Here the tracking state of the defined antenna is shown REM with its condition written in front of it i.e. TRK. If antenna is in OFF mode then Track State will be TRK OFF and also all the parameters will show 000:00:00 every where.

>msgw

Shows message window for the <u>selected antenna</u>. If the terminal is set to xterm then messages will come below the ondisp window. If the terminal is set to vt100 then messages will not come.

>tmpn

Shows temperature for all antennae at their base.

```
DATE: 2005auq15
                    TIME: 19:53:35
                                         LST: 16:56:09.1
                                                              PACKET: 1161564
SAC4 1161525
                 subac4.5: LOAD NEW SRC SPECIFIC TRAK PARA
tmpn
                  TEMPERATURE AND SMOKE MONITOR -- ALL ANTENNA STATUS
   [ANC=>Antenna NOT Configured. MCM?=>ABC TIMEOUT or MCM NOT Configured.]
 C03
         C12
                  C04
                          C09
                                   C02
                                           C01
                                                   C00
                                                            W01
                                                                    C11
                                                                             C14
         18.66
                  23.89
                          22.59
                                   23.17
                                           22.73
                                                   22.88
                                                            22.59
                                                                    20.70
 23.46
                                                                             20.70
  OK
          OK
                  OK
                           OK
                                   OK
                                            OK
                                                    OK
                                                            OK
                                                                     OK
                                                                             OK
 C13
         C10
                  W02
                          W03
                                   W04
                                           W05
                                                   E02
                                                            E03
                                                                    C05
                                                                             C06
 MIDL
         18.81
                  20.55
                          22.88
                                   23.17
                                           21.57
                                                   18.08
                                                            22.88
                                                                    25.20
                                                                            18.52
          OK
                  OK
                           OK
                                   OK
                                            OK
                                                    OK
                                                            OK
                                                                     OK
                                                                             OK
 E04
         E05
                  E06
                          C08
                                           S01
                                                   S02
                                                            S03
                                                                    S04
                                                                             S06
                                   W06
 21.28
         21.13
                  22.59
                          20.99
                                  19.10
                                           20.70
                                                   18.08
                                                           19.68
                                                                    20.99
                                                                            18.08
  OK
          OK
                  OK
                           OK
                                   OK
                                            OK
                                                    OK
                                                             OK
                                                                     OK
                                                                             OK
```

MIDL: Antenna is not scanning temperature.

Shows LOs status for all antennae. This is not frequently used monitoring window.

```
DATE: 2005auq15
                  TIME: 20:49: 3
                                    LST: 17:51:46.2
                                                        PACKET: 1170966
SAC4 1169389
               subac4.5: LOAD NEW SRC SPECIFIC TRAK PARA
ifbb
                            LOS STATUS ALL ANTENNA
  [ANC=>ABC NOT Confq. MCM?=>ABC TIMEOUT/MCM NOT Confq.
  [OK=> (FREQ set as Regd.), ER=>ERROR, LK =>LOCK
CEB
       C03
               C12
                       C04
                              C09
                                      C02
                                              C01
                                                     C00
                                                             W01
                                                                    C11
MCM ?
       VCO ?
               0355ER ERRVCO ERRVCO
                                      MODERR
                                             MODERR
                                                     MODERR
                                                             MODERR
                                                                    MODERR
                       0680ER 0680ER
MCM ?
       YIG ?
               YIG ?
                                      MODERR MODERR
                                                     MODERR
                                                             MODERR
                                                                    MODERR
C14
       C13
               C10
                       W02
                                             W05
                                                                    C05
                              W03
                                      W04
                                                     E02
                                                             E03
               MODERR MODERR MODERR
MODERR MODERR
                                     MODERR MODERR
                                                     MODERR
                                                             MODERR
                                                                    MODERR
MODERR MODERR MODERR MODERR MODERR MODERR MODERR MODERR
```

>rffe

Shows front-end status for whole sub-array, like which RF box, noise, attenuations.

```
PACKET: 1174667
SAC4 1174510 subac4.5: ABC SET TIME21:10:06,15-08-2005
                  SUBAC
Subarray 4
                  RF FRONTEND STATUS
                                     TURRET STATUS(Not imp)
             RF STATUS
         Request
                      Status
          0
  RFBox
          Off Off
 Noise
 Atten
 PolSwitch
 NoiseAtttn
```

>fpss

Shows FPS status like Fps packet no., current position, target angle, the status of feed, the command given to the feed.

| | FIME: 21:38: 0 LST: 18 ac4.5: LOAD NEW SRC SPECIF | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | FPSSTAT | | |
| Fps Version: CURNT POS: CURNT RPM: TARGET ANGLE: | C00(7) 128787 5.5 -4.952 0.00 0.000 ** 0.000 | Error: CMDFAILCNT: TIMEOUTCNT: CHKSUMCNT: RESETCNT: OVER CURNT: MAXPWM: MAX ANGLE: MIN ANGLE: UAO ANGLE: | |

Above window shows the feed status of C00 antenna.

>fpsr

This command also shows the feed status. The difference between the fpss and fpsr is that fpss shows the angle wise status and fpsr shows feed count wise status.

```
DATE: 2005aug15 TIME: 21:53:38 LST: 18:56:31.8 PACKET: 1181849
SAC4 1181268 subac4.5: ABC SET TIME21:50:10,15-08-2005
fpsr
                            FPSRAW
          ABC C00(7)
FPS
                                                                     32
                                                   Error:
Fps Packet no: 129076
                                                   CMDFAILCNT:
Fps Version: 5.5
                                                   TIMEOUTCNT:
                                                                     32
CURNT POS:
                 1357
                                                   CHKSUMCNT:
CURNT RPM:
                  0.00
                                                                     3
                                                   RESETCNT:
CURNI KEMI
                  1639 **
                                                                     0
                                                   OVER CURNT:
                  0.000
                                                                     0 H
TRNGPT Angle:
                                                   MAXPWM:
                                                                    1639
SLOPE:
                                                   MAX ANGLE:
LRPM LMT/LRPM TMCNT 0.000 :0
                                                  MIN ANGLE:
                                                                     731
BRKCNT DIFF:
                                                   UAO COUNT:
                                                                     1639
STP SLEW TMCNT:
                  0
         PWM: 0
Feed Calibrated & Idle
RD VERSION
RMPUP TIME:
FINE TUNE PWM:
Status :
Cmd:
```

For all antennae it shows the MCM 0,2,3,5,9 & 14 link status.

| | 2005aug26 39153 | | | _ | | :20:20.8 26-08-200 | _ | KET: 340! | 509 | |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| [- | => OK. T | | | | | ,9,14 res | _ | C Not co | nf] | |
| C03 | C12 N | C04 N | C09 N | C02 N | C01 N | N C00 | W01 NNN NNN | C11 N | C14 N | |
| C13 N | C10 N | W02 N | M03 | W04 N | W05 N | E02 N | E03 N | C05 N | N C06 | |
| E04 N | E05 N | E06 N | C08 | M06 | S01 N | S02 N | S03 N | S04 N | S06 N | |

The upper row showing three '-' symbols, it mean that MCMs 0,2 & 3 are all right and the lower row shows MCM 5 is not configured and MCMs 9 & 14 are all right. Normally after setting RF, MCM 5 is turned off. Therefore here it is showing that MCM 5 is not configured.

>intr

All 30 antennas, Intruder alarm info through mcm 0.

>femo

Common box info if mcm 5 all channels in scan mode for all antennas.

>fest

Displays bytes for FE and CB mon for selected antenna.

>ants

Display antenna state(setting if rf,if,lo,bb) info if set these parameters in specific way to get the info

2.2 Details of ondisp subw Flags

The program ondisp displays the ONLINE status window. In this status window, the lowest line is a single character error indicator,

- B Azimuth brakes applied for antenna.
- b Elevation brakes applied for antenna.
- I Antenna in subarray is Idle and not in tracking mode.
- M Servo system of antenna is in 'Manual' mode.
- R Antenna got ABC reset.
- z Antenna in subarray is positioning to the source coordinates for azimuth and elevation axes.
- Either antenna has not communicated since start of ONLINE or antenna(abc) is in kernal mode.
- L Servo system of antenna is in 'Local' mode.
- s Antenna stowed in elevation axis (overrides b flag).
- S Antenna stowed in azimuth axis (overrides B flag).
- t/T Servo computer/ABC is timing out(CEB time and unit time difference more than 20 sec).
- m MCM time out.

02IBb Antenna got ABC reset.

- 02I Antenna got ABC reset.
- C Motor current is high in Azimuth.
- c Motor current is high in elevation.
- N Antenna to configured for communication for COMH.
- V 'acok' problem as indicated by antenna servo.
- P Azimuth axis in positioning (hold) mode.
- p Elevation axis in positioning (hold) mode.
- E Azimuth encoder fault (angle not bet -270 to 270).
- e elevation encoder fault (angle not between 0 and 110).

3 Communication-Handler (COMH)

For setting the communication of antennas with the COMH

We have to start **ROUTER** first on the BHASKAR machine.

Create a new desktop named as ROUTER on BHASKAR & in the **ROUTER desktop** give the following commands **in BHASKAR**'s **terminal**

Then a graphical window will come, in that Click the *record* file option and enter a filename, For example,

rtr_3jun.dat

In **MASTER window** in USER0 desktop,

>scctask

command in MASTER.

Click Start on the ROUTER interface.

After starting the ROUTER go to **MASTER window** and type,

>stcomant

Suppose any problem comes in the Router then restart it, as given by above stated method.

Other than this we can use the following commands for the COMH settings.

Page numbers

Telescope Operation Manual

Show antennas to which COMH talks. >shcomant

Get COMH error statistics.

>shcomerr

Set COMH which antennas talks.

>stcomant

Software reset for COMH.

>rstcomh

Reset error counters of COMH.

>rstcoerr

Reset command respective counters.

>rstcr

4 Defining Subarray

Online has one MASTER control and other six SubArray Control (SAC) out of which Subarray 0 (SAC0) has got the same authority as MASTER control. With SAC0 and Master you can have all kind of control for antennae and the electronics in Central Electronic Building(CEB). Other than Telescope Operator (Observer) all user like (engineers for testing system) may use the remaining Subarray controls. Viz.

SAC 1 (USER 1)

SAC 2 (USER 2)

SAC 3 (USER 3)

SAC 4 (USER 4)

SAC 5 (USER 5)

All user mentioned above are interface to corresponding SAC.

To insert required no. of antennas in any one of the subarray say sub-array4 the following commands can be given **in the USERO.**

NOTE:- Before inserting antennae into subarray, please ensure that the scan is not running, if running then please stop that.

Suppose 10 antennas(with antenna ID's 1 to 10) in suba 4 you want to add then give the following commands in **USER0 window**.

```
>ante 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

The first number followed by the ante is the number of antennae to be defined in subarray followed by that many ABC Ids.

cp variable can have only values 0, 1 and -1 before defining subarray.

Any other value will create error message.

cp=1 will add defined antennas to subarray.

cp=-1 will remove the defined antennas from subarray.

Define subarray

>suba 4

>defsub 4

We have to send the defined antennae to the respective subarray control.

>sndsacant

Then go to the respective subarray window & there also give the same commands as above for subarray 4 go USER4.

```
>ante 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
>cp 0
>defs 4
>suba 4
>sndsacant
```

Now all the defined antennae will come under the control of the USER4.

After subarray is defined whatever command you enter here, will go to the defined antennae.

Suppose in between observation any antenna shows any problem, to do the settings for only that antenna we have to define it separately in a subarray 0, you can define that antenna from **USER4** window for subarray 0.

For e.g. S06 applied brakes then from USER4 window,

```
>ante 1 30
>cp 0;defs 0;suba 0
>hold
```

Like this way we define it in the subarray 0 from USER 4. You can control single or any number of antennae by this.

Suppose at any time you want to see in which subarray you are working, by using the following command in the respective USER window.

```
>type suba
```

If this show "0" then to see the content of subarray "0" use command.

```
>shsub 0
```

It will give the ABC ID's of the antennae in the working subarray.

So this was all about the subarray defining.

5 Feed Rotation & their calibration

The MCM-5 controls the feed rotation. There are five feeds operating at frequencies of 150,235,327,610 and 1420 MHz. The counts for positioning the different feeds on each antenna is different.

Suppose to rotate the feed for some selected antennae or all antennae, then first we have to define required antennae in working subarray. Add them in respective subarray, and give the commands.

For example if we want to move the feed at 1420MHz then give the following commands.

Go to USER0

Load the FPS counts, for all antennae. >run fpscnt

Initialise the FPS system.
>initfps

Move the feed to 1420MHz >mvfps1420

Other than these commands to calibrated, preset, boot the FPS we have the following commands.

If somebody wants to set different lower R.P.M. limit then before this command he/she should define a limit by,

>cp(1)=XXX
>stlrpmlmt

Read lower rpm limit. It will read the lower RPM counts and show those in fpss or fpsr windows at LRPM count position for defined antennae.

>rdlrpmlmt

Set minimum angle. >stminangle(xxx)

Read minimum angle

>rdminangle

Page numbers

Set maximum angle.

>stmaxangle(xxx)

Read maximum angle.

>rdmaxangle

Run to preset; In bracket we have to give a count number at which we have to position the feed. (These counts are different for different feeds, refer Appendix.) >runcpreset(xxxxx)

Run to preset angle. In bracket we have to give an angle at which we have to position the feed.

>rundprest(xxx)

Preset known position of feed in *count*.

>prstcfps(xxxxx)

Preset known position of feed in angle.

>prstafps(xxx)

Run to calibrate position.

>runclbrt

Reboot FPS.

>fpsboot

Calibrate to UA0 angle. If CP=1 then it will calibrate in clock wise direction i.e. -10d side. CP=0 then it will calibrate in anticlock wise direction. This is not frequently used command, instead of this we can use runclbrt.

>ua0clbrt(x)

6 Running Correlator

First login to Correlator PC.

You can login in correlator PC for USB, LSB & BOTH, by giving commands which are written on the respective correlator windows on the left side of the colon sign.

For example:-

| >ssh | corracqa | for USB. |
|------|----------|-----------|
| >ssh | corracqb | for LSB. |
| >ssh | corrctl | for BOTH. |

Etc.....

Then login into mithunA:collect & mithunB:collect windows by same procedure.

For example:-

```
>ssh mithuna for USB.
>ssh mithunb for LSB.
```

If you are not able to login in mithunA or mithunB by this method then try the regular method of login with the login name "observer".

To set BB bandwidth, go to USER0 and do baseband settings as per the instructions in Chapter 8 & edit "temp2/data/init.hdr.new" (change CLK_SEL). The following table gives relation between the baseband bandwidth and clock selection.

| BB Bandwidth | Samp_freq. |
|--------------|------------|
| (MHz). | CLK_SEL |
| 16 | 0 |
| 8 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 |
| 0.5 | 5 |
| | |

Then go to each correletor window, "mithunA:collect", "mithunB:collect" and "bhaskar/aditya:dassrv" windows and give the commands written on the right side of the colon sign in each desktop with putting all processes in the background.

For example run "acq" following in each desktop i.e. USB,LSB & BOTH:

>acq & [In the window corracqa:acq for USB] [In the window corracqb:acq for LSB] >acq & [In the window corrctl:acq for BOTH] >acq & etc.....

The sequence of starting the correlator,

1)"acq", 2)"acq 30", 3)"sockcmd", 4)"collect" in each desktop

After this start the "dassrv" by going into the "bhaskar/aditya:dassrv" window. >dassrv &

Now go to the **BOTH desktop** and in the **windows "corrctl:dlytrk" &**

"corrctl:fstop/corrconfig" give following commands

>newdlytrk in dlytrk window

>corr_config in fstop/corr_config window

>dlytrk --clk sel 0 & in dlytrk window

in fstop/corr_config window >fstop &

For recording you have to go to the record window of mithuna for USB & mithunb for **LSB** and give the commands,

```
>record prjcode filename.lta X &
                                            for USB
                                            for LSB
>record prjcode filename.ltb X &
```

The term X is used for the integration time for recording the LTA. (which is equal to the integration time multiplied by 2 secs.)

Here you should mention the prj CODE (In capital letters) for recording data for that particular Subarray. Note that Online maps all characters in UPPER case. These files are recorded in the mithuna & mithunb computers.

In User0 window

>allant (all antennas that likely to be added for session.) >tpa(11)=15 3 for USB. 12 for LSB. 15 for BOTH. 1 for USB. >cmode 3 2 for LSB. 3 for BOTH. >initndas '/temp2/data/init.hdr.new' >ante N n1 n2 n3 nN where N is the no. of antennae you want to take for observation

& n1,n2 ...nN are antenna Ids.

>suba X = 1,2,3,4,5 the subarray taken for

observation

>prjtit'title' Title of the project upto 80 characters.
>prjobserv'NAME' Name of observer upto 8 characters.

>initprj(15,'prjcode')
15 for BOTH.

3 for USB. 12 for LSB.

Then go to the subarray X and give follosing commands there,

>tpa RF RF LO1 LO1 LO4 LO4

>prjfreq Copy frequency parameters into ONLINE

shared memory.

>lnkndasq Setup the link between ONLINE and DAS.

>gts'sourcename' Get source parameters. >sndsacsrc(1,12h) Track given source.

After reaching all antennae on the source start recording data by giving command.

>strtndas

This command record the data on the source got by the last gts'sourcename' command.

Check the MATMON see the fringes are proper or not.

After getting required amount of data if you want to stop the recording give the following command in the suba X window.

>stpndas

If you want to start Sacfile or Command file, do the following.

>opsacfil 'command_file_name_with_full_path'

>strtsacfil

To stop the command file

>stpsacfil

To stop the project go to **USERO window.**

>stpprj >hltndas

7 Settings for RF, LO & IF

There are two types of settings for the antennae

- 1. Single frequency.
- 2.Dual frequency.

7.1 Single frequency settings

For setting the RF, LO and IF parameters, the user needs to edit a file called setupnew.txt in the BHASKAR. The name of the file is aliased as the cdsetX where X=1,2,3,4,5.

Edit the file as per your requirement. The example of the setupnew.txt file is given at the end of this chapter.

Then send the control word to the antennae you need. A cdsetx (x=1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or m) is the general purpose aliasing done to ease editing of the proper parameter file (setupnew.txt) and run corresponding program which create the control word.

ONLINE has five different user control for general purpose named user1, user2, user3, user4 and user5. For example observer having control of user4 should use cdset4. It creates a control words for RF, LO, IF and BB in separate files which has to be sent to the antennas and baseband system using the following commands.

NOTE:- Please check the RF-swap status before setting the front-end.

One can check RF-swap on ADITYA by giving the command in home area, for example, >more sw150

Then edit the cdsetX file for the front-end.

After doing all the settings go to the USER4 window

>run set4rf
>run set4if
>run set4lo

NOTE:- Nowadays new facility is added for IF settings i.e. the "NEW ALCs" for some antennae. Therefore for these antennae we have to edit file cdset6 which is containing

pre-attenuations and post-gains with a dollar sign as a prefix for post-gains.

For run IF settings for all New ALC antennae then edit cdset6 file by giving command in the ADITYA's terminal as,

```
>cdset6 new
```

And give following command in the respective user window as, >run set6if

If suppose somebody wants to set IF for one or more New ALC antenna/antennae then write the names of those New ALC antenna/antennae in front of the cdset6 in ADITYA's terminal.

```
For example,
```

>cdset6 C01 C03

Then give same command in user window as, >run set6if

7.2 Dual frequency settings

For setting dual frequency there is *cdsetd* file(We can edit it by giving cdsetd command in any BHASKAR's terminal.) which we can run after doing required settings, rest all procedure is same only we have to give two RF, IF, & LOs.

NOTE:- For more information on frequency & related parameters settings refer the next topic **Frequency and related parameter setting**.

7.3 Example of a cdsetX file

```
*FRONT END PARAMETERS.

* select freq. of observation (50/150/235/325/610/1060/1170/1280/1390 Mhz.)

235

* select solar attenuator (0/14/30/44 dB. -1 for FE Termination.)

* select polarization unswapped(0) or swapped(1).

* select cal-noise level.(E-HI(0)/HI(1)/MED(2)/LO(3) (-1 for RF OFF).)

* LO PARAMETERS.

* select LO freq.(100 - 1600 MHz.)

308

308

* IF PARAMETERS. (Default is 14 14)

* select pre_attenuator and post_attenuator for CH1.(0,2,4,...,30 dB)

16

16

*select pre_attenuator and post_attenuator for CH2.(0,2,4,...,30 dB)16
```

```
* select IF band width for CH1 and CH2 resp.(6/16/32 MHz).
16
16
* select ALC OFF(0) or ON(1). for CH1 and CH2
* New parameters being added :
* enter NG in time domain (0,25,50 or 100) percent duty-cycle
* enter Walsh Enable(1) or Disable(0)
* Select the Walsh Group: Low Group(0) or Higher Group(1)
* BASEBAND PARAMETERS ( set_para[16] onwards ):
  Select the antenna group:
        if all ant bb mentioned below
   [1
        if (CO , C1 , C2 , C3
                                  :130 MHz)]
        if (C0 , C1 , C2 , C3 if (C4 , C5 , C6 , C8 if (C4 , C5 , C6 , C8
                                  :175 MHz)]
                                  :130 MHz)]
                                  :175 MHz)]
         if (C9 , C10, C11, C12 :130 MHz)]
   [ 5
            (C9 , C10, C11, C12 :175 MHz)]
(C13, C14, SP1, SP2 :130 MHz)]
   [6
         if
         if
            (C13, C14, SP1, SP2 :175 MHz)]
   8 1
        if
   [13
        if (W1 , W2 , W3 , W4 :130 MHz)]
                                 :175 MHz)]
:130 MHz)]
   [10
        if
            (W1 , W2 , W3 , W4
   [11 if (W5 , W6 , E2 , E3 
[12 if (W5 , W6 , E2 , E3
                                 :175 MHz)]
* Select Base BANDWIDTH in KHz(16000/8000/4000/2000/1000/500/250/125/62)16000
* Select BB Gain (0/3/6/9/12/15/18/21/24)
* Select BB LO (Hz) Synth # 1 Freq.(MHz) (50.0 <= LO <= 90.0 / step 100 Hz)
* Select BB LO (Hz) Synth # 2 Freq.(MHz) (50.0 <= LO <= 90.0 / step 100 Hz)
70.0000
* Select Map
        Chan # 1
                          Chan # 2
* 1 -
                          Synth # 1
        Synth # 1
* 2 -
* 3 -
        Synth # 2
                          Synth # 2
                          Synth # 2
        Synth # 1
        Synth # 2
                          Synth # 1
BACK
```

7.4 Frequency and releted parameter setting

7.4.1 Band Selection

GMRT Receiver system has got the five main band. The band selection can be either of the following.

150 MHz.

235 MHz.

325 MHz.

610 MHz.

1420 MHZ.

The 1420 MHz band has got four sub-band out of which user can select individual band listed below or single band as a whole. The available sub bands available in it 1420 MHz are 1060 MHz.

1170 MHz.

1280 MHz.

1390 MHz.

7.4.2 Solar Attenuator

The solar attenuator available in GMRT front end are

0 dBm.

14 dBm.

30 dBm.

44 dBm.

Termination.

7.4.3 Polarization

User has to take care of the polarization switch to get fringes on antennas. polarization convention in each antenna is available here. The Polarization switch can be either of the following.

Unswapped.

Swapped.

7.4.4 Cal-Noise level

E-HI-Extra High cal noise HI-High cal noise. MED-Medium cal noise. LO-Low cal noise. Front End off

7.4.5 LO Frequency

Two different polarization have two different LO frequency. Also there are two LO frequency synthesizers

Synth-1 Sets LO frequency from 100 MHz to 600 MHz in steps on 1MHz. Synth-2 Sets LO frequency from 600 MHz to 1600 MHz in steps on 5MHz.

7.4.6 IF Attenuation

IF attenuation vary from 0 dB to 60 dB in steps of 2 dB for each of the polarization. This attenuation is divided in two parts as Pre-Attenuation and Post-Attenuation. So Pre Attn. can have value 0 through 30 in steps of 2dB and same is true for Post Attn.

7.4.7 IF band width

Possible bandwidth that can be set for each polarization are.

6MHZ

16MHZ

32MHZ.

7.4.8 ALC status

ALC's can be put either ON or OFF independently on different polarization.

7.4.9 Front End Parameter

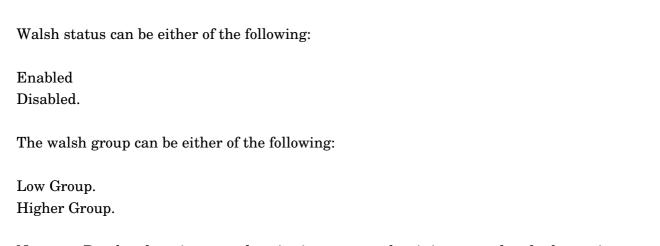
NG duty cycle can be either.

0 percent duty-cycle.

25 percent duty-cycle.

50 percent duty-cycle.

100 percent duty-cycle.



Now new Baseband setting procedure is given, as per that it is not need to do the setting as per our setupnew.txt file, still for reference the baseband parameters are as follows.

7.4.10 Baseband Related Parameters

The **Baseband Bandwidth** can be set either of the following.

16000 KHz. 8000 KHz. 4000 KHz. 2000 KHz. 1000 KHz. 500 KHz. 250 KHz. 125 KHz.

Corresponding **Baseband Gain** should be selected from following list.

0 dB. 3 dB. 6 dB. 9 dB. 12 dB. 15 dB. 18 dB. 21 dB.

24 dB.

7.4.11 Baseband LO frequency(fourth LO) setting

Base Band has got two LO synthesizers each of which can be set to individually any frequency from 50 MHz to 90 MHz in steps of 100 KHz. Then by selecting proper mapping desired BB LO (4 th LO) frequency can be set to both polarization.

8 Baseband settings

General procedure for baseband settings is,

- 1.Initialise the baseband server.(If done then no need).
- 2. Set the baseband ALC ON or OFF.
- 3. Set the baseband BANDWIDTH with GAIN.
- 4. Set the baseband LO.

NOTE:- *Please do the above settings in same order religiously.*

Steps 1 to 6 should be followed ONLY ONCE AFTER STARTING ONLINE, if 'bbserv' program window is not running on the BHASKAR.

- 1.Put Switch at PC mode, in the Reciever Room.
- 2.Check for program window of 'bbserver' program running on the baseband PC.
- 3.By default 'bbserver' runs after boot, if not running Click on the 'bbserver' icon on PC desktop and run it.
- 4.Run 'bbserv' in one of the ONLINE machine. If 'bbserver' is running on PC in Reciever Room, it will show following,

Connected to the socket.

Got:Connected to BB

Got:CONNECTED TO BBPC

All the stale messages cleared msgid=1.

5.The BaseBand command settings will get executed to the defined antennae in the subarray only. **Only USER 0/MASTER can control BaseBand.**

6.In USER 0 or MASTER window of ONLINE, type: >run nbbproc

By this, following commands will become available to do the baseband settings through **USERO/MASTER.**

Initialise the baseband server

>initbbserv

Set both Polariazation and Sidebands: IPA=BW & JPA=Gain.

```
>stbbwgnall(IPA,JPA)
```

Suppose anybody wants to set the bandwidth & gain separately then,

```
>stbbandall(IPA)
```

>stbbndgain(JPA)

Set for the separate polarization=STRA2(130/175/both) as well as sideband=STRA3 (usb/lsb/both) with bandwidth=IPA and gain=JPA,

```
>stbblosyn('STRA2','STRA3',IPA,JPA)
```

To set the baseband LO: STRA2=LO1,STRA3=LO2,

```
>stbblo('STRA2','STRA3')
```

Set baseband ALC:STRA2=130/175/both, STRA3=lsb/usb/both, IPA=0/1,

```
>stbbalc('STRA2','STRA3',IPA)
```

For example The baseband settings to be done are

i)ALC—OFF for both sidebands & polarizzations.

ii)Baseband LO—70MHz.

iii)Bandwidth & Gain—16000 & 0.

Then following commands should be given as follows in **USER 0/MASTER**, by defining the antennae to be include in the settings.

```
>stbbalc('both','both',0)
>stbblo('70','70')
>stbbwgnall(16000,0)
```

But before that you should have the knowledge of the **Baseband parameters**.

The baseband parameters are as follows:

Baseband Related Parameters:

The **Baseband Bandwidth** can be set either of the following.

16000 KHz.

8000 KHz.

| Telescope O | peration Manual |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 4000 KHz. | |
| 2000 KHz. | |

1000 KHz. 500 KHz.

250 KHz.

125 KHz.

62.5 KHz.

Corresponding **Baseband Gain** should be selected from following list.

0 dB.

3 dB.

6 dB.

9 dB.

12 dB.

15 dB.

18 dB.

21 dB.

24 dB.

Baseband LO frequency(fourth LO) setting:

Base Band has got two LO synthesizers each of which can be set to individually any frequency from 50 MHz to 90 MHz in steps of 100 KHz. Then by selecting proper mapping desired BB LO (4 th LO) frequency can be set to both polarization.

Page numbers

9 Power Equalisation

We do power equalise by two methods,

- 1. Power equalisation using Baseband output.
- 2. Power equalisation using 30-1.

First we will see power equalise using baseband output.

9.1 Power equalisation using Baseband output

In this method there are two ways of doing power equalise,

- 1.By giving the commands through mithun.
- 2. Using the graphical user interface of the pulsar through astro0.

NOTE: a. Switch off the baseband & IF ALCs.

b. Go to the source.

9.1.1 Power equalise through mithun

For power equallise remember the following things

a. Switch off the baseband & IF ALCs

b. Go to the source.

Open a new terminal.

Login as: >observer@mithuna

Change the working directory as: >cd power_eq/ Run the program: >./power_eq

Please ensure that the following options are given with the command as arguments.

The following command line arguments are essential.

Optimum Level for Power Eq. Default:256.0 -o OptLevel
Power above this is taken as upper level. Default:5000.0 -u UpperLevel
Power below this is ignored. Default:10.0 -l LowerCutoff

Integration Cycles. Default=1 -i Integ

The optional commands can also give which can be viewed by giving the command line argument as -h.

For more help & more options use the options

-h for help

It will take help of a file for the IF attenuations, named as *antenna_ifsetup.cur* in the same directory for power equalise. If you want to take other file for attenuations then there is option.

After entering all the required entries it will ask,

password: >.astro1

In USER0 give the command as

>run setlev

Do the same atleast for three times.

It will create a file with modified IF attenuations named as antenna_ifsetup.cur.

9.1.2 Power equalise through astro0.

Login as: >pulsar@astro0

>tcl

>./antenna

Then a graphical interface named as "ANTENNA" will come,

In the ANTENNA window

Click on Antenna Setup >>

Select all using antennae and put already set IF attenuations.

Click on Save

Minimize this Antenna Setup >> window & keep it aside.

In the ANTENNA window

Click on >Power Eq

Select the band as well as the power levels at you want to equailise power with the options.

Then click a button >Power Eq

Attention: Wait for the clicked button to come out.

In USER0 give the command as

>run setlev

Do the same atleast for three times.

9.2 Power Equalisation Using 30-to-1

Login as: >elab@tcc-l1

Change working-directory to: >/home/elab/powereq/

Run the program: >./ofmpeq.pl

Ensure that the following options are supplied as proper arguments when program is run.

The following command-line arguments are essential.

Bandwidth: -b <IFBW> 6/16/32 Mhz

Side Band: -B <SideBand> U/L for USB/LSB

Ants Used: -U <AntList> '*' forall antennae

Attention: Option -U must be given with some antenna name(s) as argument. By default, no antenna is used.

The following command-line options may also be provided.

RF Frequency: -R <Freq> in Mhz

Source Name: -S <Source>

Unused Ants:
-F <AntList> 'C00,E04,S03'

The AUTHIF attenuation files, for the respective frequency (the one provided with **-R** option), are read from the following area:

/home/elab/powereq/ifsys/[freq].atn

Telescope Operation Manual

Page numbers

In case a non-standard IF attenuation file is to be used as input, it can be provided with option -f. The format of this file should be the same as that of the standard AUTHIF attenuation file.

Attenuation File:

-f <AttnFile>

The program will create a runfile for setting RF and IF settings. This runfile should be run in ONLINE (USER0/USER4).

When program is run, it will get the fresh spectrum-dump from 30-to-1 switch. Depending on the attenuations, set, it will calculate what IF attenuations will bring the channel power to -33 dBm. Then, it will create a new *runfile* for new IF attenuation values. Again, this *runfile* is run to set the IF attenuations.

The program keeps on iterating, until the user gets the **resonable power levels,** for all antennae.

10 How to do the POINTING

Pointing can be done in one of the two ways:

- 1. With Self power.
- 2. With Cross correlations.

General procedure for pointing(both),

- 1. Feed rotation.
- 2. Antennae on the Extended source.
- 3. Antenna settings.
- 4. Power equilisation (If Required).
- 5.Azimuth & Elevation scans on the source.
- 6.Analysis.
- 7. Loading pointing offsets.

First make sure that all the feeds are properly focussed.

Antenna Settings

Antenna settings are done from *bhaskar* using program *cdset4*. RF, LO, and IF settings are mentioned in *cdset4*, and then these settings are run from *USER4*.

Following commands are used for this:

```
>run set4rf
>run set4if
>run set4lo
```

Keep IF & BB ALC's OFF. Do the default settings for the required frequency. Do the BB settings as per the Baseband settings document.

Then start Correlator(Refer Chapter 6 Running Correlator).

10.1 Pointing with Self Power

First go to any strong **extended** source.

by giving the following commnads

>suba 4
>gts'sourcename'

Send antennae on that source

>sndsacsrc(1,12h)

Make all the pointing offsets for the required axis to be scan zero in the BHASKAR's terminal with the program 'mkzerooff having the procedure of operation as follows,

On BHASKAR's terminal

```
>mkzerooff [AZ/EL]
```

This program reads the input file "/home/operator/runfil/NLDANTO.001" and depending on the options it produces the output file $"/home/operator/runfil/ZERO_OFFSETS.001"$

1. If you run only "mkzerooff" with no options it will set the

both offsets (EL and AZ) to 0

- 2. If you run "mkzerooff AZ" then it will set azimuth offset to 0 without changing the elevation offsets.
- 3. If you run "mkzerooff EL" then it will set elevation offset to 0 without changing the azimuth offsets.

For loading these offsets in online, give it IN USERO.

```
>run zero_offset
```

Do the power equilisation on the source if required. (Refer section 9.1)

Following things to be NOTE:

Synchronize ONLINE PC time and Correlator PC time. While scaning rate should be 20'/1m or less.(It is beamshape dependent factor.)

Give the following command IN USER4.

```
>stabct synchronization of time.
```

For Elevation Scan say,

```
>scanelsrc(20'/1m,18h30m)
```

Here **20'** is slewing rate of antennas per minute. and **18h30m** is the expected peak time. Depending upon User's requirement these parameters can be changed.

```
>strtndas
```

NOTE:- Remember while recording the data in MITHUNA & MITHUNB please don't use any integration time like '8m' or '4' etc. Because we want large records in less time.

For e.g. In mithunA record it like,

```
>record prjcode(in capitals) filename.lta &
```

Stop the scan after the time (2 times the time difference between the starting time & the peak time.).

```
>stpndas
```

Restore the position of the antennae on the source.

```
>gts'sourcename'
>sndsacsrc(1,12h)
```

For Azimuth Scan say same procedure as that of the elevation scan with change,

```
>scanazsrc(20'/1m,18h45m)
>strtndas
```

Then follow the same thing like elevation.

Analysing data

Log on astro0

Login as >ssh backup@astro0

Change the directory >cd /d1/online/pointing

Make current date directory >mkdir ddmm

>cd /d1/online/pointing/ddmm

Run programme getoffsets (programme written by Vasant Kulkarni).

Here following you have to give as input.

```
Lta file name with full path.

scan rate

scan number in Lta file

start time

stop time

expected peak time ( this should be correct)
```

NOTE: For start time, stop time & expected peak time please use the LTA time stamps.

This programme will create PS files in the current area.

Then you have to update the offsets in Pointing Offsets file. For that go to any BHASKAR's terminal in that,

```
>cd $RUNFIL
```

Edit the file with added antenna offsets for both elevation & azimuth, carefully.

```
>sccsvi NLDANTO.001
```

10.2 With Cross Correlations

For pointing with cross correlation values you need any **point source** like 3C48, 3c286, 3c147 etc.

Then put antennae which you are going to take as reference (this should be reliable) in

separate subarray to trake same source(Refer the defining subarray document).

Then make sure that **ALC's** at both **IF and BB are ON**. The BB ALC's you have to refer the **Baseband settings.**

Then start pointing for rest of the antennas.

Next procedure is same as above.

Analysis

Only while analysing the data you have to run *vxget* (programme written by Vasant Kulkarni).

Rest all is same as above only the change is to include the name of the reference antenna as Ref.antenna.

Then load the pointing offsets same as above.

11 On Off deflection test for 30 to 1

Login as ssh elab@tcc

Change directory cd /data/cspa/data/

Create current date directory mkdir curntdate

Change directory cd /data/cspa/data/curntdate

The order of doing test is

- 1. On source 30 to 1 recording.
- 2. Off source 30 to 1 recording.
- 3. Measuring the deflection between On source & Off source.

Do all the settings for required antennae.

11.1 On source recording

Go to any strong source & in working sub-array's user make all antennae to track the source, while tracking the source record the 30-to-1 data by the following method.

Run the following program for recording with the command line arguments >csprecord [option/s]

The following command line arguments are essential,

```
-m < SPA/VVM > Acquisition Mode
```

-d < number > No. of record for each antenna

-f < filename >

The other arguments are optional

```
-l < FirstLO >
```

-c < strt:stop:incr > Channels Selection (-Not Implemented)

-i < intg value > Integration (- Not Implemented)

-s < SwLoss Correction File> Without SwLoss Correction

Then give command for example as,

```
> csprecord -m SPA -d 3 -f sourcename_on.spd
```

After this wait till the 3 dumps over.

11.2 Off source recording

Go off source some degrees by giving command in the working user say USER4.

If the source has its own offsource coordinates then give command as >gts 'offsourcename' >sndsacsrc(1,12h)

Otherwise give commands as,

```
>gts'sourcename'
>trkeloff(-10d)
>sndsacsrc(1,12h)
```

Wait till the antennae reach on the destination.

Record the data in the 30 to 1 in the as,
>csprecord -m SPA -d 3 -f sourcename_off.spd

Wait till the 3 dumps over.

11.3 Measuring the deflection between on & off source data

```
Run the program
```

```
>getdefl [options] onsrcfile offsrcfile
```

Here the option is

```
-b < IF bandwidth in MHz >
    (default is 6 MHz.)
```

It will create new files, one of them will be postscript & the other one will be text file. In the postscript file the plots of onsource & offsource data with there deflections.

This was all about the deflection tests

12 How to start the observation

The order of starting the observation.

- 1. Edit the file /temp2/data/init.hdr.new for proper CLK_SEL.
- 2. Start acq, acq30, and sockemd in LSB, USB, and BOTH.
- 3. Start collect program in LSB, USB.
- 4. Start the dassry.
- 5. Start dlytrk with proper CLK_SEL.
- 6. Start fstop.
- 7. Set the RF, LO, IF in cdset5 as per the observer's requirement.
- 8. Set IF ALC's ON/OFF.
- 9. Run RF, LO, IF settings.
- 10.Run newauth for the observing frequency.
- 11.Run nauth.
- 12.Load antenna offsets (using run nldanto).
- 13.Set Baseband ALC's ON/OFF.
- 14.Set Baseband Bandwidth & Gain.
- 15.Set Baseband LO.
- 16. Give initndas.
- 17. Give initproject.
- 18. Give proper tpa.
- a) **Go to BHASKAR's terminal** & to start the new header file with proper clock selection, edit the file by giving the command, >vi/temp2/data/init.hdr.new
- b) To start the acquisition for USB & LSB as well as BOTH,

Go to **USB desktop** & in corracqa:acq window type >acq &

Go to LSB desktop & in corracqb:acq window type >acq &

Go to $\bf BOTH\ desktop\ \&$ in correctl:acq window type >acq &

c) To start the correlated acquisition for each as well as both bands

For USB

Give following commands in USB desktop in respective windows

>acq30 & [in corracqa:acq30 window] >sockcmd & [in corracqa:sockcmd window]

To collect the data into the mithuna

>collect & [in mithunA:collect window]

For LSB

Give following commands in LSB desktop in respective windows

>acq30 & [in corracqb:acq30 window] >sockcmd & [in corracqb:sockcmdwindow]

To collect the data into the mithunb

>collect & [in mithunB:collect window]

For BOTH

Give the commands stated below in BOTH desktop in respective windows

>acq30 & [in corrctl:acq30 window]
>sockcmd & [in corrctl:sockcmd window]

In this desktop find 'corrctrl:dlytrk' window, now we are going to type in that an optional command which is necessary but not each time at the beginning of the observation, if it is already given then do not give it again,

```
>newdly_config
```

This command will add new delays in the correlator to compensate the phase difference. Now in the another window 'corrctl:fstop/corr_config' window type

```
>corr_config
```

So that it will configure the correlator for the newly added delays Again go to the 'corrctrl:dlytrk' window and type

```
>dlytrk --clk_sel 0 &
```

NOTE:- Here we have taken the clock selection as 0, it is from the file '/temp2/data/init.hdr.new'

Then start the fstop i.e. stop the fringe by giving the command fstop in the 'corretl:fstop/corr_config' window

```
>fstop &
```

This way we have started the correlated acquisition.

```
d)Now to start the DASSRV go to the ADITYA &
```

in 'bhaskar/aditya:dassrv' window

```
Change the directory
>cd /export/home/onsoft/01dec2002/dassrv-0.96
and give the command,
>dassrv &
```

e) Go to the online USER 0

```
Here we will start the init.hdr.new >suba 0 >allant
```

>tpa(11)=15 [for both bands]

this tpa is optional i.e. For USB recording tpa(11)=3

For LSB recording tpa(11)=12

For BOTH sidebands recordings tpa(11)=15

>cmode 3 [for both bands]

this is also optional i.e. For USB recordings cmode=1

For LSB redordings cmode=2

For BOTH sidebands recordings cmode=3

then start the file i.e. <u>init.hdr.new</u> which we have already edited in section 2.a) by giving the command **in the USER0 window**,

```
>initndas '/temp2/data/init.hdr.new'
```

Here onwards we will start the project

f) Now the important part is to do the settings for required RF,LO & IF, which we usually do in special files in respective area which are accessible by the ONLINE, so that it will set the saved settings for all the required antennae by using some commands.

For that you have to edit the file for respective sub-array named as 'cdsetx' where x is the sub-array number e.g. cdset4, cdset5,etc.

NOTE: For dual observation the filename we use is 'cdsetd' where d stands for dual.

These files are in the '/export/home/operator/set/user/userx' area on the BHASKAR where x stands for the sub-array number, as per our requirement of the sub-array we have to set the above settings for required sub-array.

Here as an example we will take sub-array 4 as our observational array in which we are going to do the observation, so go to any logged in terminal of BHASKAR and give command there as 'cdsetx'. Edit the file and save the changes you have made.

Uptill these are the settings for the RF,IF,LO1 settings. Now we will do the settings for LO4 as per the baseband settings (Refer Chapter 8).

For LO1 we have to edit the file 'cdset5' and after that give command 'set5l' in the BHASKAR's terminal so that it will save the changes for the LO1.

g) To do the settings for edited files first go to the USER4

You have to type the tpa for the given settings of the RF with their LO values, for the two polarisations

This command takes time for the settings so you have to wait for a minute, but during setting the symbol w will come per second like qwwwws.

After successful command run give the commad for setting IF.

```
>run set4f [in general run setxif]
```

wait for the completion of the command successfully.

Now same as above we have to give the command for the LO1 in USER4 but here only the change to note is that we set previoulsy the LO1 in cdset5 so here we will give command as run set5lo.

```
>run set4lo
```

h) For base-band settings and setting LO4 on BHASKAR in USER0 give commands as follows,

i) To make AUTHIF settings in the BHASKAR's terminal give command

>newauth -h [read help and choose options for required frequency]

Then go to the **USER0** and give the command,

>discmdmon
>run nauth

j) Give the following commands in the USER0 >discmdmon

Loading the antenna offsets, >run nldanto >enacmdmon

k) Here all the settings for starting the continuum observation are completed. After this we have to record the data is recorded for two sidebands i.e. USB & LSB in MITHUNA and MITHUNB respectively.

By giving the command,

For lta

>record projectcode filename.lta c&

For ltb

>record projectcode filename.ltb c&

Here c means the integration time divided by two i.e. For e.g. if integration time is 16 seconds then the c will be of 8m here m is meridean filter only substituted for the 16 seconds integration, otherwise c is always like described above.

Like this way we start the observation. Depending on the conditions of the user the starting methods can differ from the method stated above. This is decided by the Scientific Assistance who operates the telescope.

1) Now the next job is to check that is observation going in the right way?

Therefore you have to check the following outputs,

i) Is MATMON giving the proper fringes,
 [Question is how to see the MATMON:- Open the new terminal and login to MITHUNA for USB and then give the command
 >ampmon -h [read the help and see the desired output]
 Do same for the LSB MATMON by log in into the MITHUNB.

- ii) Is 'dasw' window showing the tpa, obsname, obstitle, the starting status of DAS. (i.e. 0 for off & 1 for on)
- iii) The MithunA & MithunB are recording or not.
- iv)The gnuplots of USB & LSB for relevant frequencies and their related bandwidth.

| v) ADITYA message window for the current status is showing messages or not. |
|--|
| vi) Check the ondisp window continuously so that you will come to know that is any |
| antenna having problem or not. |
| |
| |
| • |
| |

. etc.....

This was all about the starting the observation.

13 TroubleShooting

13.1 MSEB Power fails for some or all antennae.

First stop command file by (Usually in USER4 window)

>stpsacfil

Stop das scan by

>stpndas

Define all affected antennae in subarray (usually all are in subarray 4).

>suba 4

>allant

>cp 0;defs 0;suba 0

Initialise all antennas by command initialize

>initabc

>qts'srcname'

>sndsacsrc(1,12h)

Set RF, LO, IF and BB parameters.

Load Pointing Offsets to all antennas.(In USER 0 window give following command)

>run nldanto

Then start command file.

>opsafil '/temp2/data/cmd/cmdfile'

>strtsacfil

13.2 Antenna applies brakes in elevation

Define that particular antennas in separate subarray give command in defined subarray's user say USER4,

>hldel

13.3 Antenna applies brakes in azimuth

Define that particular antennas in separate subarray say,

>hldaz

13.4 Antenna applies brakes in both elevation and azimuth

Define that particular antennas in saperate subarray and in same USER give, >hold

13.5 Antenna gives ABC time out

If antenna gives continuous ABC time out, then raise the callsheet.

13.6 Antenna got reset (see Flags in ONDISP)

Initialise ABC (Refer 13.1), by defining the antenna in any sub-array. Set RF,LO,IF parameters.

Pointing Offsets to be load for the particular antenna.

13.7 If antenna goes in "I" mode

First give the source by >gts'srcname'
Then say
>sndsacsrc(1,1h).

13.8 If ONLINE disk gets full

Move the big files in /home/onsoft/data to /temp2/data/online/ or /d1/online1/online/

13.9 If servo doesn't go in "z" mode

First give the source by

>qts'srcname'.

say

>posn

After reaching near source say

>sndsacsrc(1,1h)

13.10 Servo not releasing brakes

Define that particular antenna in saperate subarray.

Say

>rstser for h/w reset of servo.

Or

>run srvrst for s/w reset of servo.

>hold for releasing brakes.

13.11 Servo reads high current 204 or 203 Amps.

Here no need of defining particular antenna in saperate subarray.

Go to USER1 window say

>run sft for s/w ABC reset.

then the sleep time for 10 seconds will come, in between that time,

Dial the no.=50+Antenna ID. (Refer Appendix 14.1)

Then antenna will reset.

Initialise ABC (Refer 13.1).

13.12 All MCM's are giving time out except MCM 0.

Define that particular antenna in saperate subarray.

give >ana 00000x >st32dig(0) then give

>ana Offffx for MCM s/w reset.

>st32dig(0)

13.13 Das doesn't get initiated.

This will happen for following possibilities.

1.If more than one 'dassrv' or 'sockcmd' are running.

2. Subarray get killed while data acquisition is going on.

Then kill dassrv and sockemd.

Otherwise stop the scan if running go to USER0.

Define the subarray in which observation is going say subarray 4.

>suba 4

Stop the project.

>stpprj

Halt the das.

>hltndas

13.14 Ist LO is not getting lock.

Try to set Ist LO for another frequency and if sets then revert back to previous one.

13.15 No fringes in antennas

1.See whether baseband is set in proper order.

i.Baseband ALC's

ii.Baseband BANDWIDTH & GAIN.

iii.Baseband LO.

check whether pointing offsets have been loaded?

2.See whether fstop is crashed?

If yes then start it, also check the delay track is running if not please run it.

Stop the scan give the source by gts'srcname'.

Then 'strtndasc'

13.16 No fringe on newly added antenna.

See whether antenna is tracking source.

See whether all settings have been done?

See whether pointing offsets has been loaded?

13.17 Low amplitude.

Incorrect Pointing offsets have been loaded? Correct it.

13.18 Wind goes high.

If wind goes higher than 45 kmph (Kilo meter per hour) then Stop observation.

Park all antennas by following process >suba 4 >stpsactrk >mvel 90d

Wait for all antennas to go to 90d then say 'brake'.

14 Appendix

14.1 ABC IDs

Below all ID wise antennae and antennae wise IDs are given.

| nnae C03 C12 C04 C09 C02 C01 | Antenna wise C00 C01 C02 C03 C04 C05 | 07 06 05 01 03 |
|--|---|---|
| C12 C04 C09 C02 C01 | C01 C02 C03 C04 | 06 05 01 |
| C04 C09 C02 C01 | C02 C03 C04 | 05 01 |
| C09 C02 C01 | C03 C04 | 01 |
| C02 C01 | C04 | |
| C01 | | 03 |
| | C05 | |
| C00 | | 19 |
| 000 | C06 | 20 |
| W01 | C08 | 24 |
| C11 | C09 | 04 |
| C14 | C10 | 12 |
| C13 | C11 | 09 |
| C10 | C12 | 02 |
| W02 | C13 | 11 |
| W03 | C14 | 10 |
| W04 | S01 | 26 |
| W05 | S02 | 27 |
| E02 | S03 | 28 |
| E03 | S04 | 29 |
| C05 | S06 | 30 |
| C06 | E02 | 17 |
| E04 | E03 | 18 |
| E05 | E04 | 21 |
| E06 | E05 | 22 |
| C08 | E06 | 23 |
| W06 | W01 | 08 |
| S01 | W02 | 13 |
| S02 | W03 | 14 |
| S03 | W04 | 15 |
| S04 | W05 | 16 |
| S06 | W06 | 25 |
| | C00 W01 C11 C14 C13 C10 W02 W03 W04 W05 E02 E03 C05 C06 E04 E05 E06 C08 W06 S01 S02 S03 S04 | C00 C06 W01 C08 C11 C09 C14 C10 C13 C11 C10 C12 W02 C13 W03 C14 W04 S01 W05 S02 E02 S03 E03 S04 C05 S06 C06 E02 E04 E03 E05 E04 E06 E05 C08 E06 W06 W01 S01 W02 S02 W03 S03 W04 S04 W05 |

14.2 Feed information

Following is the information about the feeds at various frequencies with their counts and degrees.

| Feed | 610/235MHz | 150MHz | 1420MHz | 325MHz |
|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------|
| Degrees | 0 | 90 | 180 | 270 |
| Counts | 1200 | 6500 | 11500 | 16500 |

14.3 Online Commands

14.3.1 Old ONLINE Procedures

gmrtstart Define variables used in GMRT procs.

sleep(ipa) Sleep for IPA sec.

svdc Save DEST and COMM in XSV&YSV.

rstdc restore DEST & COMM from XSV & YSV.

svcdc SVDC+ZSV=CPA(1).

rstcdc RSTDC + CPA(1)=ZSV.

svdca SVDC+USV=AXIS.

rstdca RSTDC + AXIS=USV.

svcdca SVCDC+USV=AXIS.

rstcdca RSTCDC + AXIS=USV.

svdcs SVDC + USV=SUBARRAY.

rstdcs RSTDC + SUBARR=USV.

svdcat SVDCA + TARGET in UVWSV.

rstdcat RSTDCA + TARGET FROM UVWSV.

svdcatd SVDCAT + SRVCRD in TSV.

rstdcatd RSTDCAT +SRVCRD in TSV.

14.3.2 New ONLINE Procedures For SUN Machine

startup(stra3) Start display and control programs & log packet in STRA3.

shutdown Stop display and control programs.

defsub(ipa) Define antennas associated with sub-array IPA.

Telescope Operation Manual

shsub(ipa) Show antennas associated with sub-array IPA.

strtproc Starts specified process.

abrtproc Aborts starting of specified process.

hltproc Stops specified process.

userconn Connect User to COMH.

ondbgunic Set debug on in unixcomh.

offdbguni Turn off debug in unixcomh.

logpkt(stra3) Start packets logging in file STRA3.

hltpktlog(ipa) Stop logging packets for file name i.e. IPA.

shloglist List opened log files for packet log.

coldstart Cold start of antenna.

mv(ipa, jpa) Move antenna to azimuth=xsv, elevation=ysv (astronomical).

mvazim(ipa) Move antenna to azimuth=wsv (astronomical).

mvelev(ipa) Move antenna to elevation=wsv (astronomical).

amv(ipa,jpa) Move antenna to azimuth=xsv,elevation=ysv (antenna).

amvazim(ipa) Move antenna to azimuth=xsv (antenna).

goinner Request antenna to move on inner track.

goouter Request antenna to move on outer track.

track(ipa, jpa, kpa) Servo track, parameters=2, angles & time.

trkazim(ipa, jpa) Servo track, parameters=azimuth and time.

trkelev(ipa, jpa) Servo track, parameters=elevation and time.

atrack(ipa, jpa, kpa) Servo track in ant cord, parameters=azimuth, elevation & time.

atrkazim(ipa, jpa) Servo track in ant cord, parameters=azimuth and time.

Page numbers

hold Request servo to release brakes and hold.

hldazim Release azimuth brakes and hold.

hldelev Release elevation brakes and hold.

brakes Apply brakes on both axis.

brkazim Apply brakes on azimuth axis.

brkelev Apply brakes on elev axis.

close Close down observations.

stow Stow the antenna.

swelev Stow antenna in elevation.

swrele Release antenna from stowed position.

swrelel Release antenna elevation stow.

stop Abort servo's previous command(to stop in moving both axes).

abrtsrvcmd Abort servo's previous command.

rdsrvspc Read servo set parameters (in srvs, servo specific in ondisp window).

rstservo Reset servo computer.

stsrvtim Set servo time IPA sec ahead.

stmcm Set MCM for ABC using mpa(I).

stabctim Set ABC and Servo time, and set LST on ABC.

stabcdly Set ABC delays to values set in TPARM(1-18).

stabcdly Set ABC default delays and cycle values.

stabc3cyc Set ABC delays and 3 sec cycle time.

stabc4cyc Set ABC delays and 4 sec cycle time.

enabcg(ipa) Start queuing ABC commands for destination=IPA.

Telescope Operation Manual

enamcmq Enable MCM qued commands.

dismcmq Disable MCM command quing.

stabcdbg(ipa) Set ABC in Debug mode IPA.

abrtabcq(ipa,jpa) Abort JPA commands from IPA in ABC que.

talk(ipa,outfil) Send talk message to ABC.

rdabcver Read ABC program version.

rdabcdbg Read ABC error statistics.

rdabcdly Read the values of ABC delay.

dissrvlnk Disable servo communication for antenna.

enasrvlnk Enable servo communication for antenna.

abrtprkant Abort ante parking sequence.

mchabcetr Match command respective counters for ABC.

goabcappl Ask ABC kernel to goto application and execute.

gopromappl Ask kernel to transfer from PROM and execute.

strtabcdnl Start ABC code downloading (obj.dat in current area).

rdqtime Read ABC que timing info.

enalo1mon Enable LO-1 monitor for antenna through MCM 2.

enalo2mon Enable LO-2 monitor for antenna through MCM 3.

dislo1mon Disable LO-1 monitor for antenna.

dislo2mon Disable LO-2 monitor for antenna.

enaifmon Enable IF monitor for antenna.

disifmon Disable IF monitor for antenna.

Page numbers

ldantparam Load antenna specific parameters for local track (current hard coded in

procedure in TPA array).

ldantoffs Load antenna offsets parameters for local track(current hard coded in

procedure in TPA array).

ldsrcparam Load source specific parameters for local track:IPA=1=OUT,JPA=trckg

time.

ldtimtrk Load time parameters for local track.

stifabc(ipa) Set IF attenuations loaded in ABC for IPA frequency.

strtloctrk Start local track mode for antenna or antennae in SAC.

stploctrk Stop local track mode for antenna or antennae in SAC.

addmcms Additionally configure MCMs defined in MPA array.

delmcms For ABC deselect only those MCMs defined in MPA array.

goabcker Ask ABC to go to kernel mode.

rstaberr Reset error counters of ABC.

rdantpara Read ant parameters for local track.

rdsrcpara Read source parameters for local track.

rdtimtrk Read time parameters for local track.

strtloctrk Start local track mode for antenna or antennae in SAC.

initabemd Initialise ABC command: tally command-respective counters, reset flag,

stoptalk, rdabcv, stabct.

enaanccmd Start accepting ABC commands for abcs (init abc after abc reset).

nullcmd(ipa)
Issue null command.

stidltim(ipa) Set idle time for MCM IPA.

stscan(ipa) Set scan mode for MCM IPA.

stmean(ipa) Set mean mode for MCM IPA.

Telescope Operation Manual

stthrmd(ipa) Set threshold mode for MCM IPA.

stana(ipa) Set analog mask for MCM IPA.

st16dig(ipa) Set 16 bit digital mask.

st32dig(ipa) Set 32 bit digital mask.

st64dig(ipa) Set 64 bit digital mask.

rdana(ipa) Read analog values.

rd16dig(ipa) Read 16 bit digital mask.

rd32dig(ipa) Read 32 bit digital mask.

rdmcmver(ipa) Read MCM program version.

rd64dig(ipa) Read 64 bit digital mask.

rdmode(ipa) Read current mode.

rdthrval(ipa) Read threshold values.

feedsel(ipa) Feed select old.

rbmcm(ipa) Reboot MCM.

feedselm(ipa) Feed select modified.

monfe FE-Box monitor box no IPA.

moncb Common Box monitor.

gtsrc Get source RA, DEC & precess.

riseset Find rise/set time of source.

posn Move antenna to current position of source.

addlist(outfil) Add source list in 'outfil' to default list.

shlist Show the path of source lists available.

dellist(ipa) Delete source list by number IPA given by shlist.

Page numbers

Procedures For COMH

stcomant Set antennas to which COMH talks (CPARM).

shoomant Show antennas to which both COMH units talk.

stcomtim(ipa) Set COMH cycle time from CPARM(1) for IPA COMH/S.

shcomerr Get COMH error statistics.

rdcomver Read COMH version for both COMH.

oncomdbg(ipa) Set DEBUG ON in COMH IPA.

offcomdbg(ipa) Set DEBUG OFF in COMH.

rstcrcnr(ipa) Reset command resp counters for comh IPA.

addcomant(ipa) Add antennae to communication from ANTE=no_of_ant addr1 addr2 ...

for COMH IPA.

delcomant(ipa) Deselect antennae for COMH IPA from ANTE=no_of_ant addr1 addr2 ...

rstcomh(ipa) Software reset for COMH IPA.

rstcoerr(ipa) Reset error counters of COMH IPA.

Procedure For Command Monitor

stcmoff(ipa) Set IPA seconds as command monitor offset.

enacmdmon Enable Command Monitor.

discmdmon Disable Command Monitor.

enacminfo Enable Command Monitor Info Log.

discminfo Disable Command Monitor Info Log

abrtdnld Abort ABC program down load.

stdnldpkt(ipa) Set ABC program down load packet size=IPA bytes.

Procedures For Sub Array Control

| Page | numbers |
|-------|---------|
| I ago | Humbers |

sndsacsrc Send source coordinates to sub-array controller modified to send

track/position,TMAX.

stsactolr Set tolerance for sub-array controller using CPA.

sndsacant Send antenna mask to sub-array controller.

sndsacant Send antenna mask to sub-array controller.

sndsacant Remove antenna mask to sub-array controller.

trksacsrc Request sub-array controller to track source.

stpsactrk Request SAC to stop tracking source.

gosacout Request SAC to track on outer track.

gosacinn Request SAC to track on inner track.

onsacdbg Request SAC to turn on debug mode.

offsacdbg Request SAC to turn off debug mode.

trkeloff(ipa) Track elevation offset by IPA.

trkazoff(ipa) Track azimuth offset by IPA.

trkraoff(ipa) Track right ascension offset by IPA.

trkdeoff(ipa) Track declination offset by IPA.

scanelsrc(ipa, jpa) Scan source in elevation with degrees/minute=ipa, peak time=jpa.

scanazsrc(ipa, jpa) Scan source in azimuth with degrees/minute=ipa, peak time=jpa.

scanrasrc(ipa, jpa) Scan source in RA with degrees/minute=ipa, peak time=jpa.

scandec(ipa, jpa) Scan source in DEC with degrees/minute=ipa, peak time=jpa.

sndsaccmd(outfil) Send local pops command to SAC from OUTFIL.

strtsacfil Start remote control for SAC from opened file.

stpsacfil Stop remote control for SAC from opened file.

Page numbers

opsacfile(outfil) Open a SAC control file from OUTFIL.

opsacfile(outfil) Close a SAC control file.

shsacfile Show a SAC control file which is open.

shsacline Show current line of SAC control file.

rewsacfile Rewind the sac control file.

mvsaccon(ipa) Move control to point(ipa) in SAC file.

skpsacline(ipa) Skip n=ipa lines from SAC control file.

stpsacline(ipa) Step by one line from SAC control file.

nullfps Issue null command.

sttngpt(ipa) Issue set turning point CP(1): turning point angle/pulse.

strmpdcnt Issue set ramp down count.

stlrpmlmt Issue set lower rpm limit.

stbrcntdiff(ipa) Issue set brake count difference count CP(1): pulses.

rmpuptment Issue set ramp up time count.

stptmcnt Issue set stop time count.

stmaxpwm Issue set Max pwm count.

stmaxangle(ipa) Issue set Max angle CP(1)=maximum angle.

stminangle(ipa) Issue set Min angle CP(1)=minimum angle.

rdsttngpt Issue read turning point.

rdrmpdct Issue read ramp down count.

rdlrpmlmt Issue read lower rpm limit.

rdbrcntdiff Issue read brake count difference count.

rdrmpuptment Issue read ramp up time count.

Telescope Operation Manual

rdstptmcnt Issue read stop time count.

rdmaxpwm Issue read Max pwm count.

rdmaxangle Issue read Max angle.

rdminangle Issue read Min angle.

rdversion Issue read version.

rdua0ang Issue read UA0 angle.

rdua0ang Get the first set UA0 angle.

rdua0ang Calibrate to UA0 angle CP=1=>Clockwise i.e. -10d side,0=>anticlockwise.

runclbrt Issue run to calibrate.

freerun10 Issue free run towards -10deg limit software.

freerun280 Issue free run towards 280 deg limit software.

rundprest(ipa) Issue run to preset, IPA target angle.

runcprest(ipa) Issue run to preset, IPA target counts.

finectune (ipa, jpa) Issue run to preset, IPA is target counts, JPA is PWM counts.

finedtune(ipa, jpa) Issue run to preset,IPA is target angle, JPA is PWM counts.

runpasswd Issue run passworded.

fpsboot Issue reboot fps.

fpsstop Issue stop fps.

prstcfps(ipa) Preset known position of feed in counts.

prstafps(ipa) Preset known position of feed in angle.

initdasco(outfil) Initialise DAS control using file OUTFIL.

stpdasses End DAS session.

initsacdas(ipa) Init DAS control for sub-array IPA.

Page numbers

strtdascan Start DAS scan for sub-array.

stpdascan Start DAS scan for sub-array.

sndasstr(outfil) Send command through string for DAS.

stabctim Set CEBABC and Servo time, and set LST on ABC.

stcebmcm Set MCM for ABC 0 from ANTE(I) array.

stabcdbg Set CEBABC in Debug mode.

stabcdly Set CEBABC delays to values set in CPARM(1-9).

rdcebdly Read the values of CEBABC delay.

rdcebver Read CEBABC program version.

rdcebdbg Read CEBABC error statistics.

mchcebctr Match command -resp counters for ABC.

gocebapp1 Ask CEB ABC kernel to goto application and execute.

gocebprom Ask CEB ABC kernel to goto application and execute.

gocebker Ask CEB ABC to go to kernel mode.

rstceberr Reset error counters of CEB ABC.

enacebq Enable MCM qued commands for CEB ABC.

discebq Disable MCM command quing for CEB ABC.

initcebabc Initialise ABC command: tally command-respective counters, reset flag

reset, stoptalk, rdabcv, stabct.

addcebmcm Additionally configure MCMs defined in ANTE array.

delcebmcm For ABC deselect only those MCMs defined in ANTE array.

initndas (outfil) Initialise DAS control using file OUTFIL.

hltndas End DAS session.

Telescope Operation Manual

lnkndasq Initialise DAS control for sub-array IPA.

strtdascan Start DAS scan for sub-array.

stpdascan Start DAS scan for sub-array.

sndasstr(outfil) Send command through string for DAS.

initprj(ipa,outfil) Start DAS project with Code in OUTFIL for IPA sideband.

stpprj Start DAS scan for sub-array.

prjtitle(outfil) Set DAS project with Code in OUTFIL.

prjobserv(outfil) Set DAS observer with Code in OUTFIL.

prjtitle Set DAS frequencies (in TPARM) with Code in OUTFIL.

ldsrccode(outfil) Set in OUTFIL the source code.

ldfpspos(ipa) Loads the fps counts in TPA.

mvfps610 Move FPS to 610 to counts loaded by above command.

mvfps150 Move FPS to 150 to counts loaded by above command.

mvfps1420 Move FPS to 1420 to counts loaded by above command.

mvfps325 Move FPS to 325 to counts loaded by above command.

initfps Does add MCM 14,read version, set min angle to -10d, set.

initfps Does add MCM 14, read version, set min angle to -10d, set low rpm.

respectively.

initpsr

lnkpsrq

iainit

iastrt

iastp

iafin

painit

Page numbers

pastrt
pastp
pafin
pmtinit
pmtstrt
pmtstp

pmtfin
pmbinit

pmbstrt

pmbstp

pmbfin