

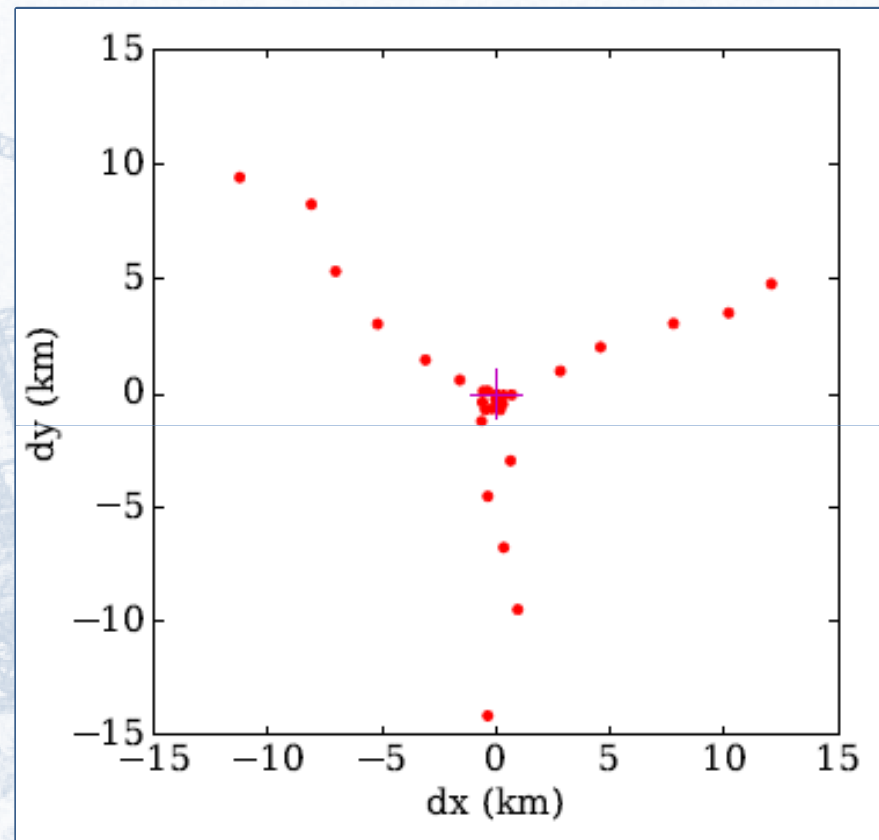
A large radio telescope dish antenna structure, likely part of the GMRT, is shown against a clear blue sky. The dish is made of a complex metal lattice and is mounted on a tall, cylindrical pedestal. The background shows a clear blue sky with a slight gradient, suggesting a clear day. The foreground is a flat, open field with some trees in the distance.

# **Focal Plane Array Beamformer for the Expanded GMRT: Initial Implementation on ROACH**

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# The GMRT

- Thirty 45-m dishes
- Max Baseline ~25km
- Min Baseline ~60m
- 14 antennas in a compact array
- 16 antennas in a Y-shaped array
- Freq: 150 MHz – 1450 MHz
- Bandwidth: 400 MHz, 16K spectral channels
- Single pixel feeds



Reference:

[http://www.ncra.tifr.res.in/ncra/news-events/phiscc-2017-1/narendra\\_patra.pdf](http://www.ncra.tifr.res.in/ncra/news-events/phiscc-2017-1/narendra_patra.pdf)



# The GMRT Central Square Antennas



# The Expanded GMRT (eGMRT)

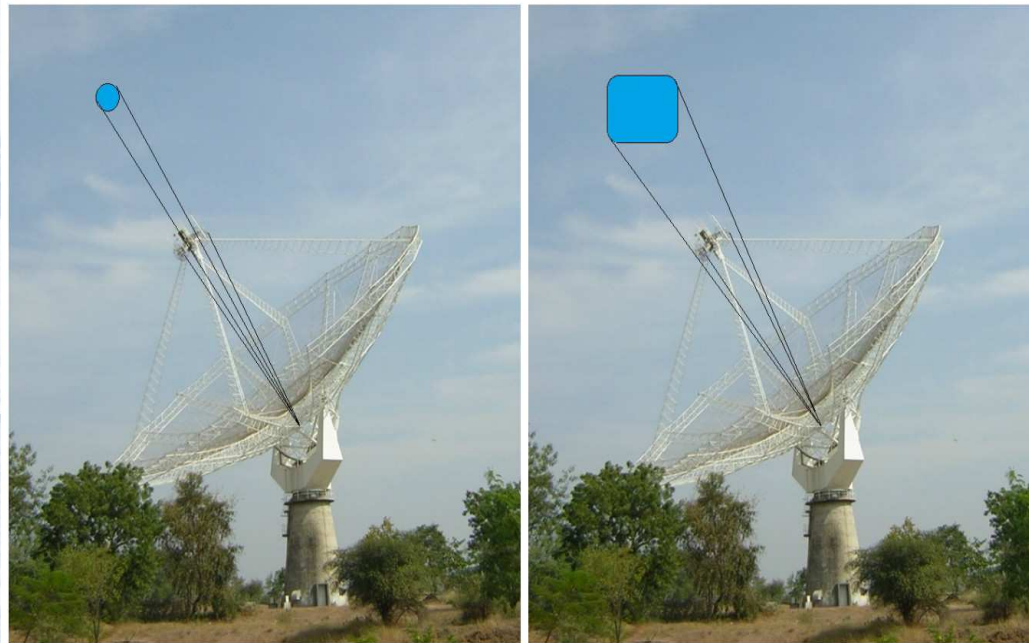
- 30 new antennas at baselines less than 5 km. :  
**need correlator and beamformer for 30 antennas**
- Focal Plane Array (FPA) feeds with 30 beams on the sky : **need a multi-beam beamformer**
- Bandwidth: 300 MHz, 16384 spectral channels
- Observing Frequencies In prototype development stage
  - L-band (1000 – 1450 MHz)
  - 550 – 900 MHz
- Options being explored
  - GMRT + FPA
  - eGMRT
  - eGMRT + FPA

Reference:  
[http://www.ncra.tifr.res.in/ncra/news-events/phiscc-2017-1/narendra\\_patra.pdf](http://www.ncra.tifr.res.in/ncra/news-events/phiscc-2017-1/narendra_patra.pdf)



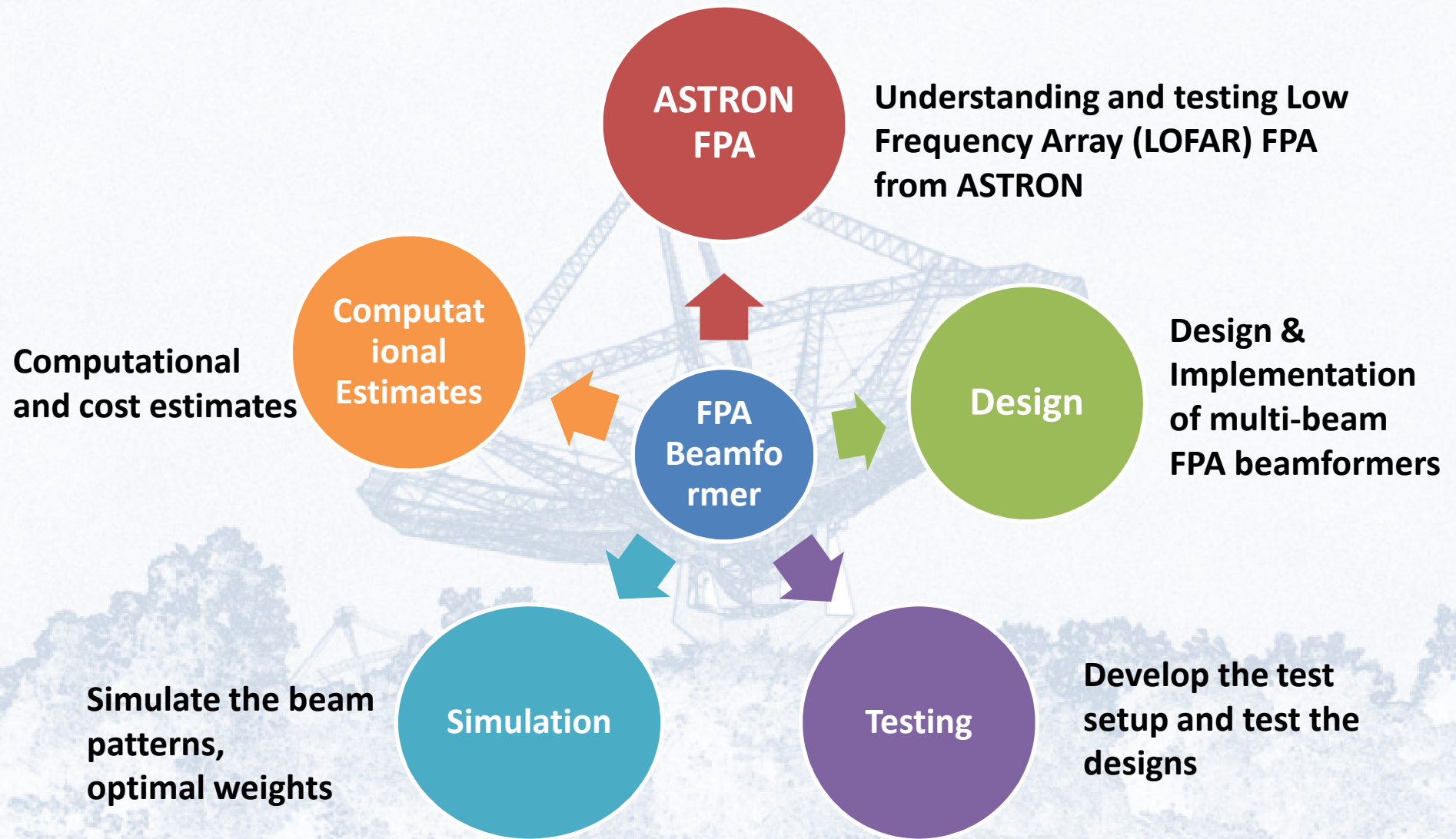
# Requirements for eGMRT FPA prototype

- Signal Transport through optical links from FPA to Beamformer
- Multi-element, multi-beam prototype beamformer (300 MHz, 16k spectral channels, 30-beam, 144-element)
- Algorithms for calibration and optimal beamforming



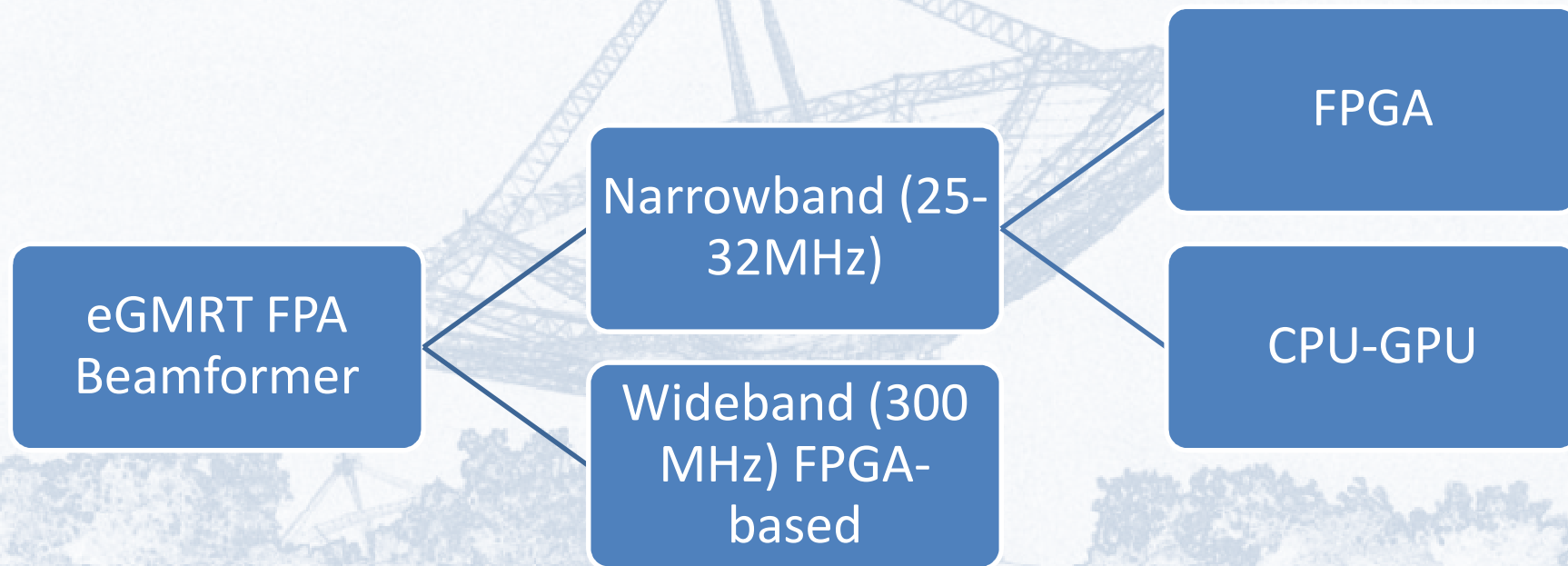
**Artist's  
Impression:  
Increased  
Field-of-View  
with FPA at  
the focus**

# FPA Beamformer Development





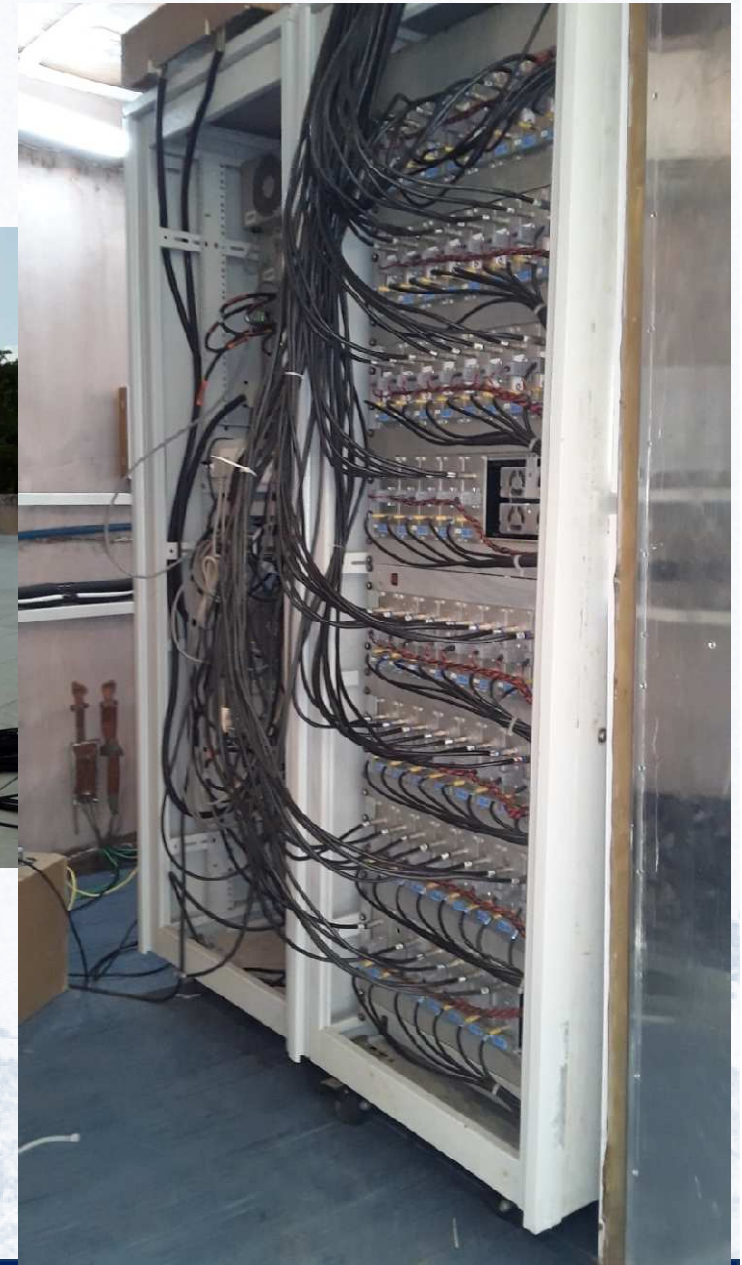
# eGMRT Narrowband & Wideband beamformers



# ASTRON Beamformer at GMRT



- ❑ 8\*9 Vivaldi array (dual polarization) and beamformer—built by ASTRON Netherlands (DIGESTIF version)
- ❑ Used for understanding FPAs and capability building
- ❑ Currently installed at the GMRT site
- ❑ 1.1 – 1.7 GHz, 80 MHz bandwidth



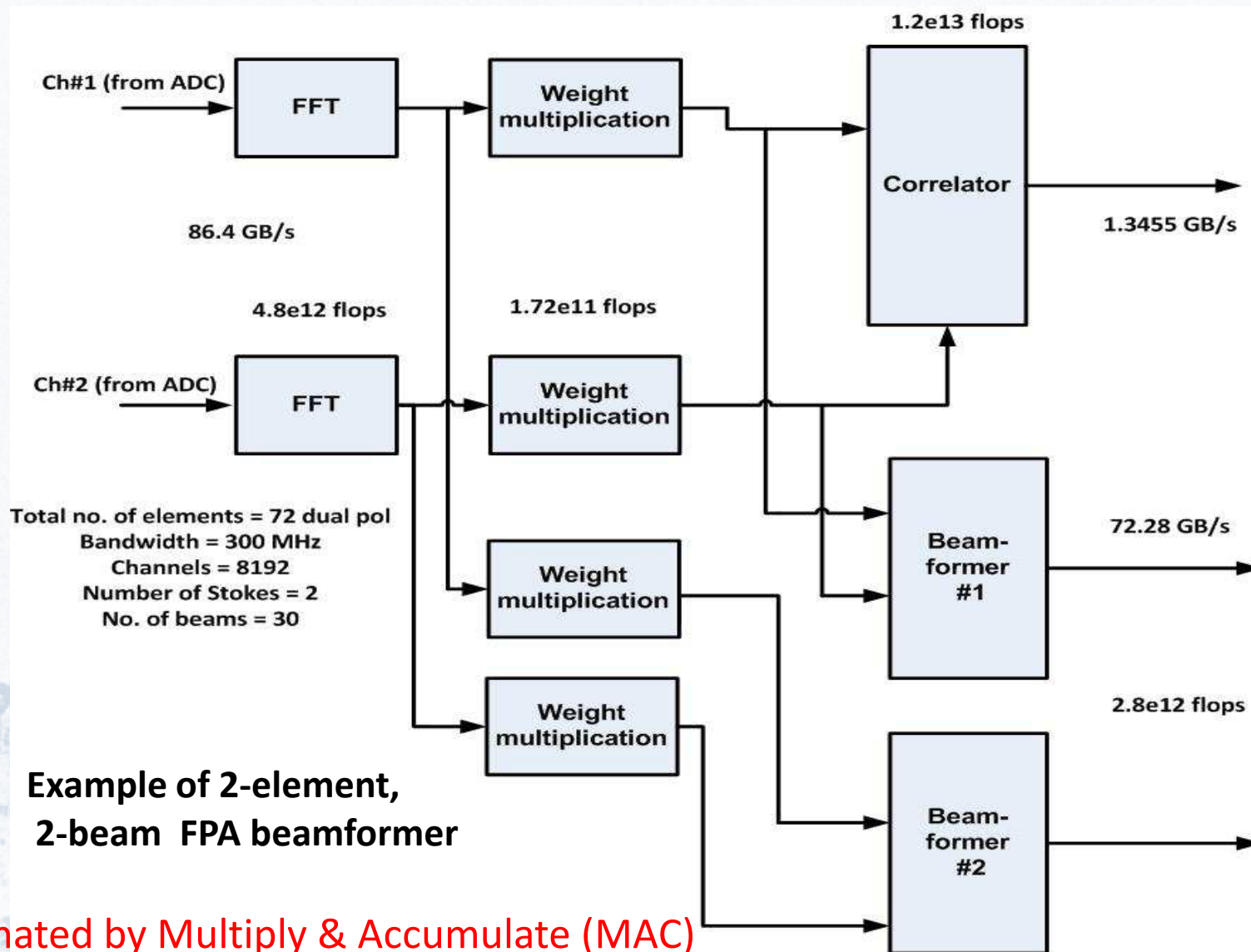


# Prototype FPA beamformer



- Multi-element (fixed) beamforming
- Multiple beams (complex weights)
- Correlator (required but not all the time)
- Real-time data acquisition and processing
- Optimal beamforming and calibration

# Compute & Data rate requirements





# Wideband FPA Beamformer: Single Board

- ❑ 4-input, 300 MHz bandwidth, 256-channel FPA beamformer and correlator, ROACH-1 + iADC

- ❑ No coarse delay correction

- ❑ 4-bit real, 4-bit imaginary correlation

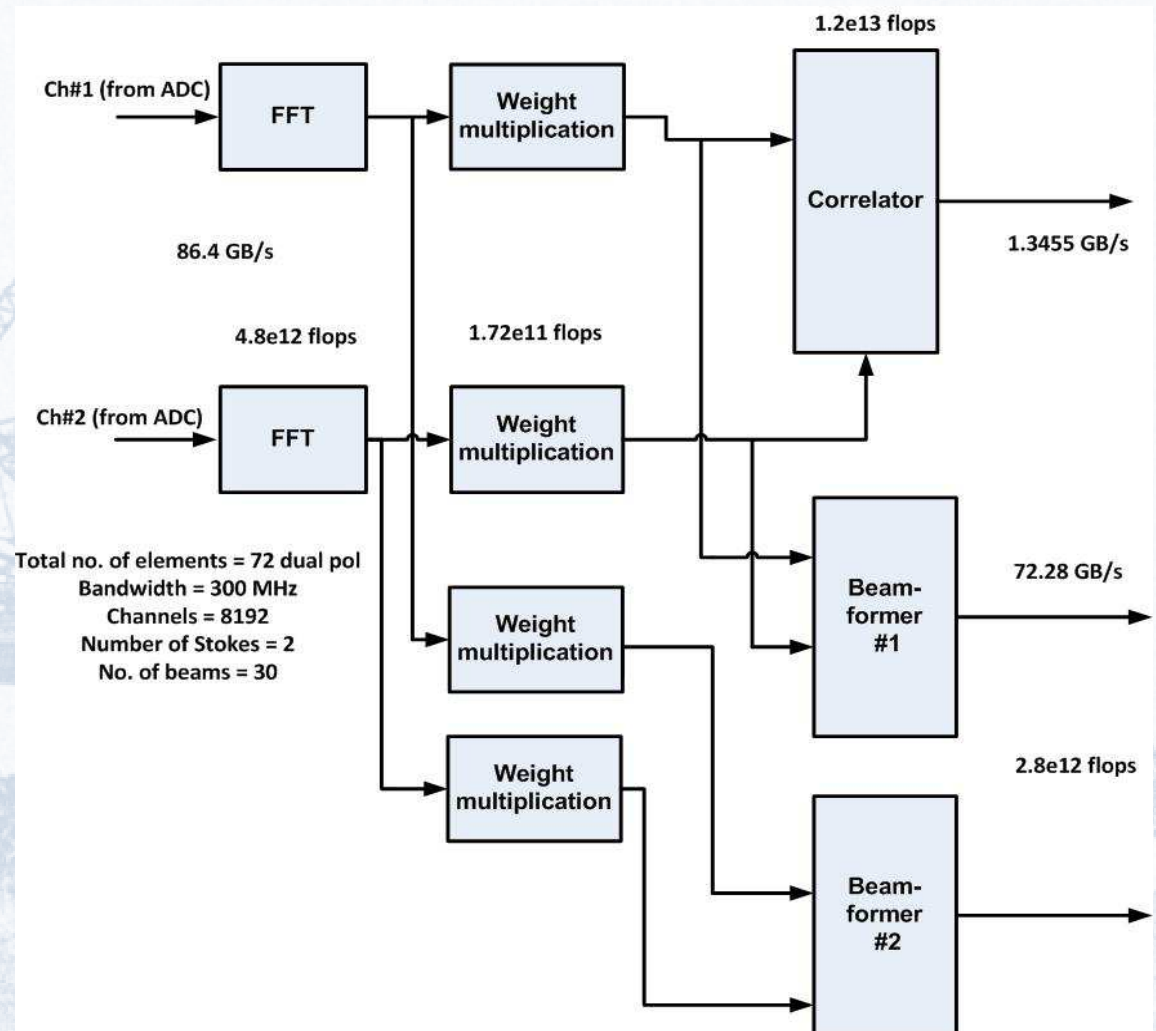
- ❑ Phase multiplication (18-bit real, 18-bit imaginary)

- ❑ Phase resolution:  $\sim 0.1$  degree

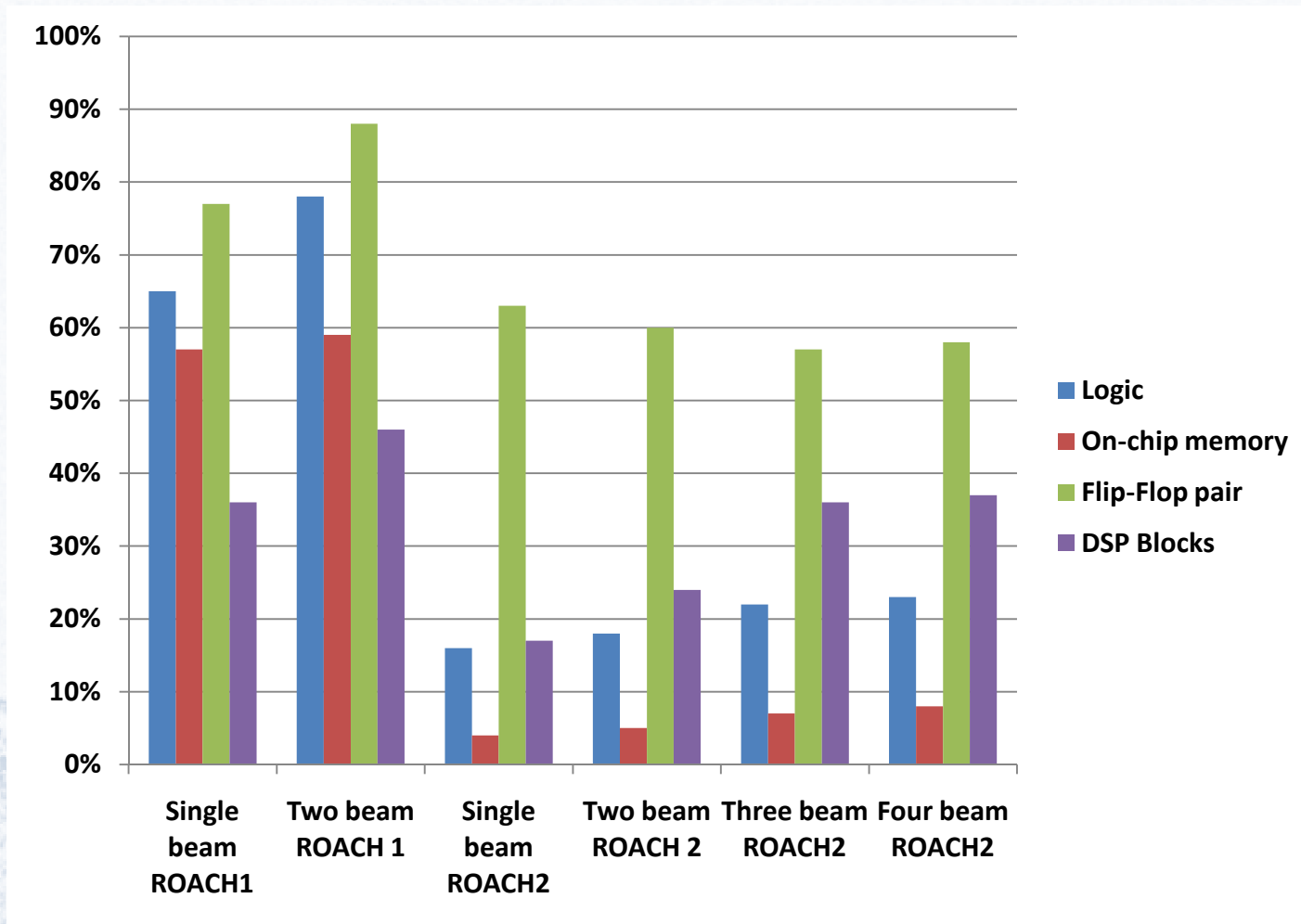
- ❑ Data output:

  - ❑ correlator (1 GbE)

  - ❑ beam (10 GbE) – coherent sum (8-bit)



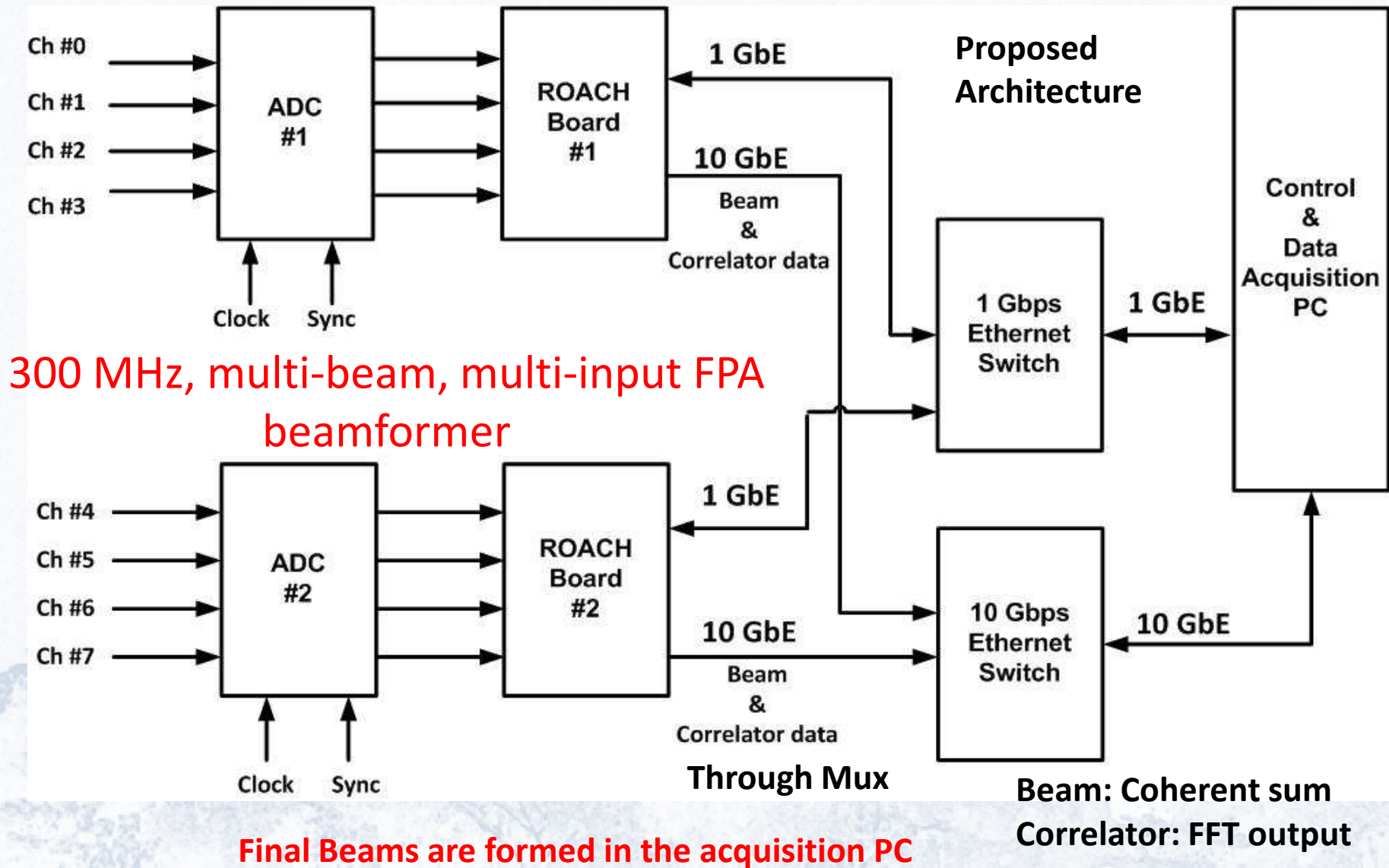
# Resource Utilization



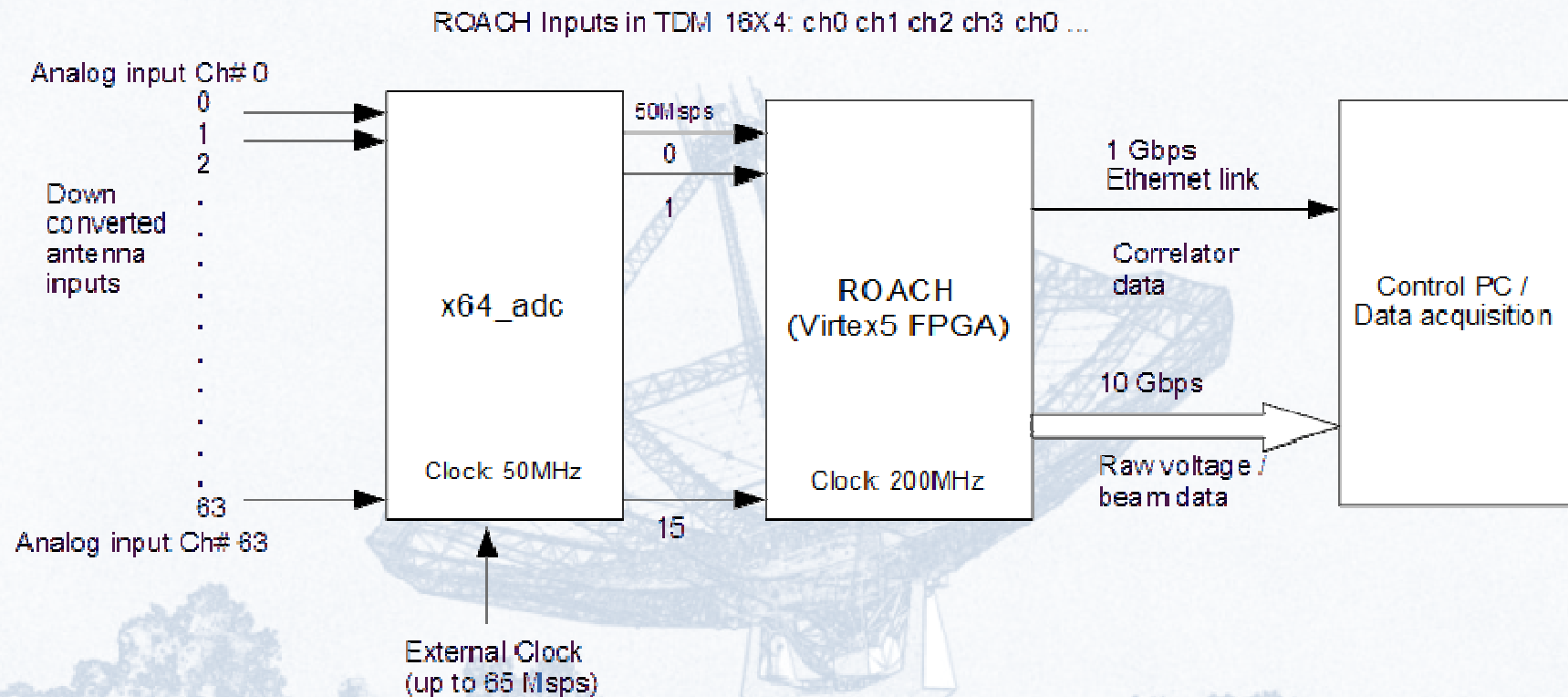
Comparison between ROACH-1 and ROACH-2 for 256-channel, 4-input, 300 MHz FPA beamformer



# Wideband FPA Beamformer: Scalable



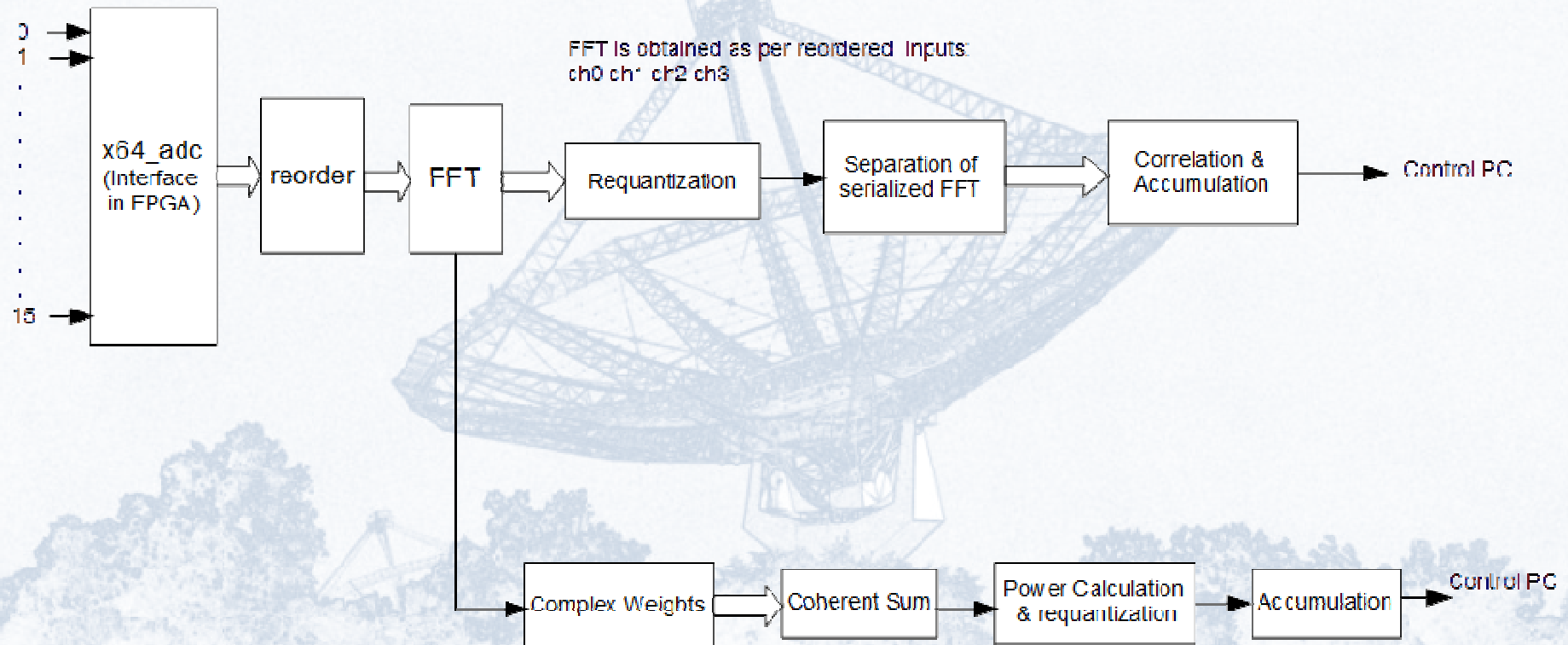
# Narrowband FPA Beamformer



- ❑ Uses 64-input, 12-bit ADC from Techne Instruments Inc. connected to ROACH-1 board
- ❑ Processing in time division multiplexed fashion, FPGA clocked at 4x the ADC clock
- ❑ Narrowband multi-beam beamformer & correlator, 128-channel
- ❑ Raw voltage on 10 GbE port : processing in software

# Narrowband FPA Beamformer Design

Inputs in TDM 16X4: ch0 ch1 ch2 ch3 ch0 ...





# Narrowband Beamformer Setup

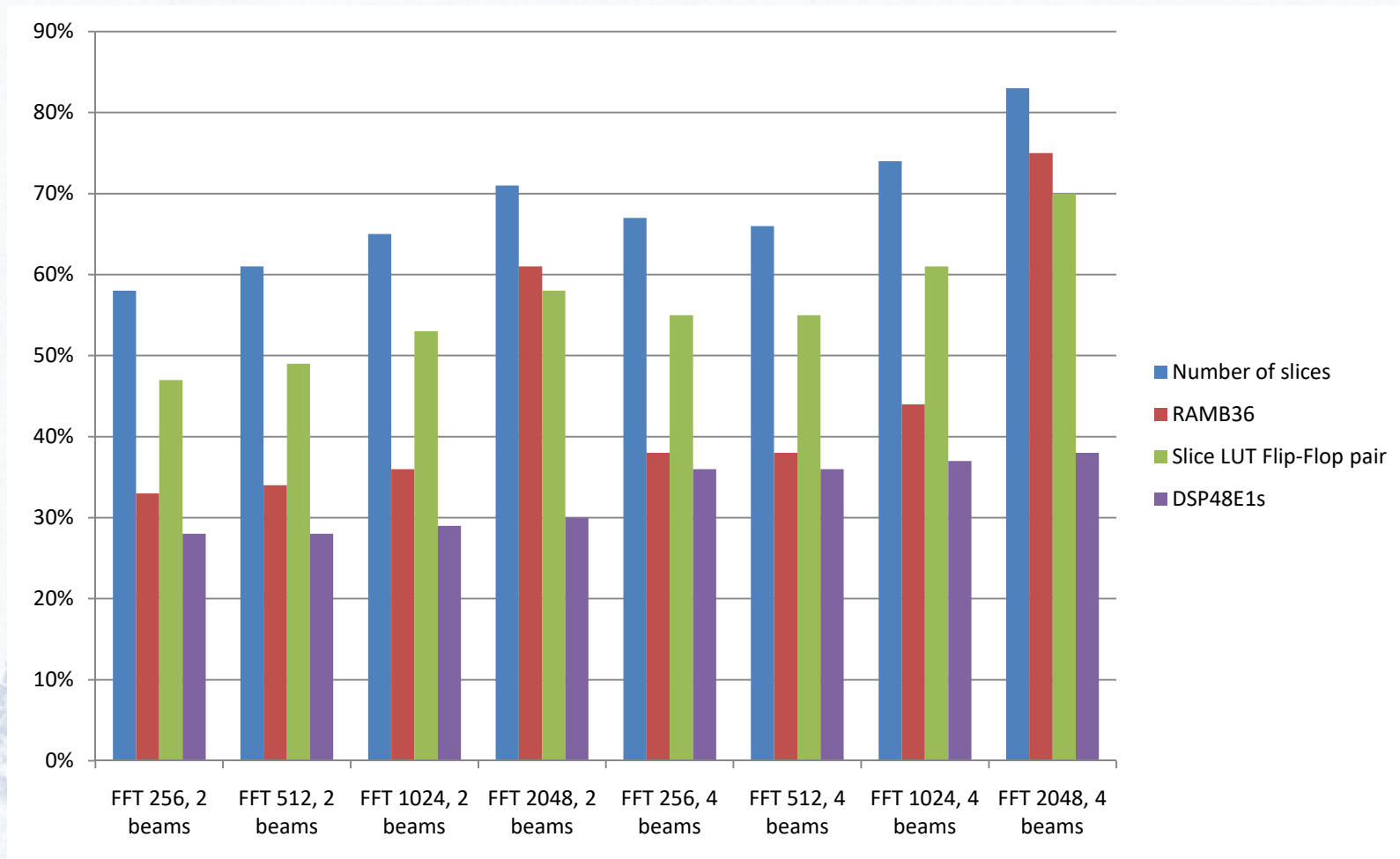


Connecting RF cables to the ADC (below)



64-channel ADC connected with the ROACH-1 board (above)

# Resource Utilization



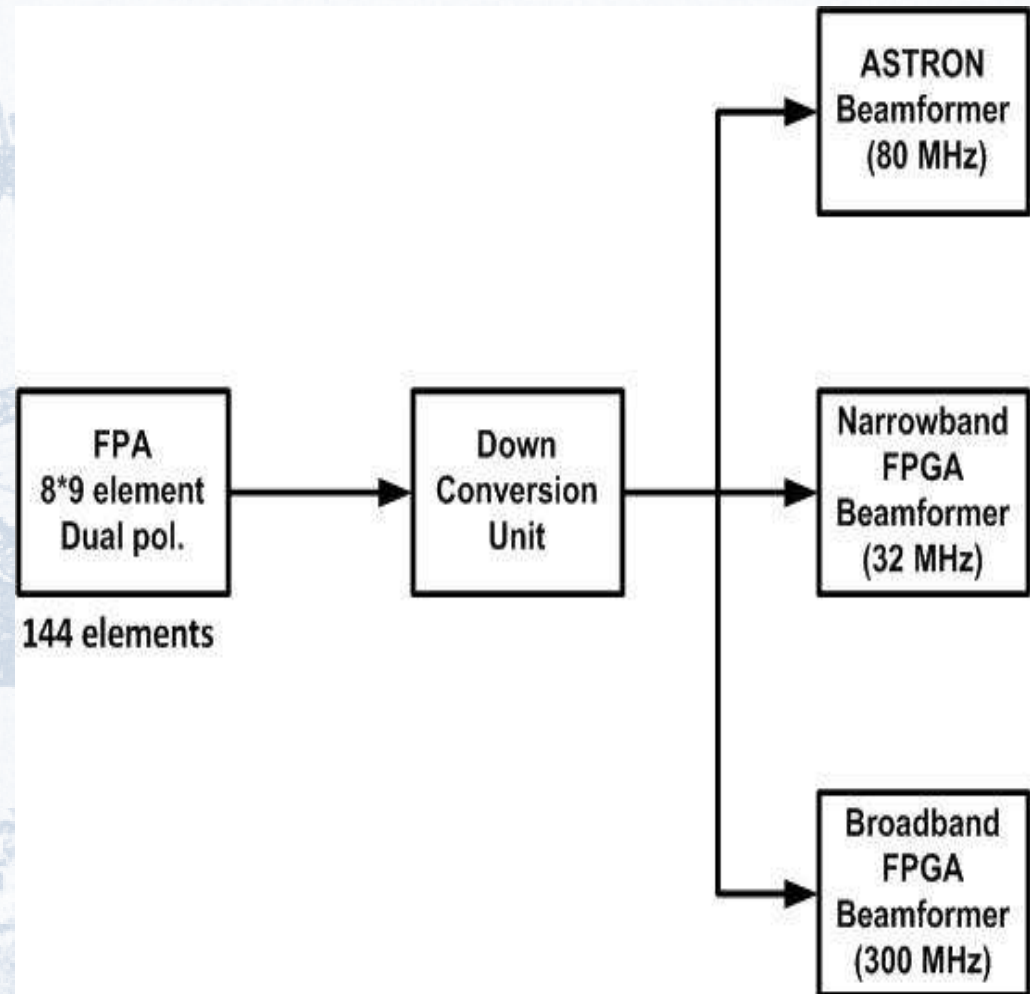
**64-channel ADC+ROACH-1 based 16-input correlator and FPA beamformer (narrowband)**

# Testing beamformers with the FPA

- Initial tests with CW signal and noise

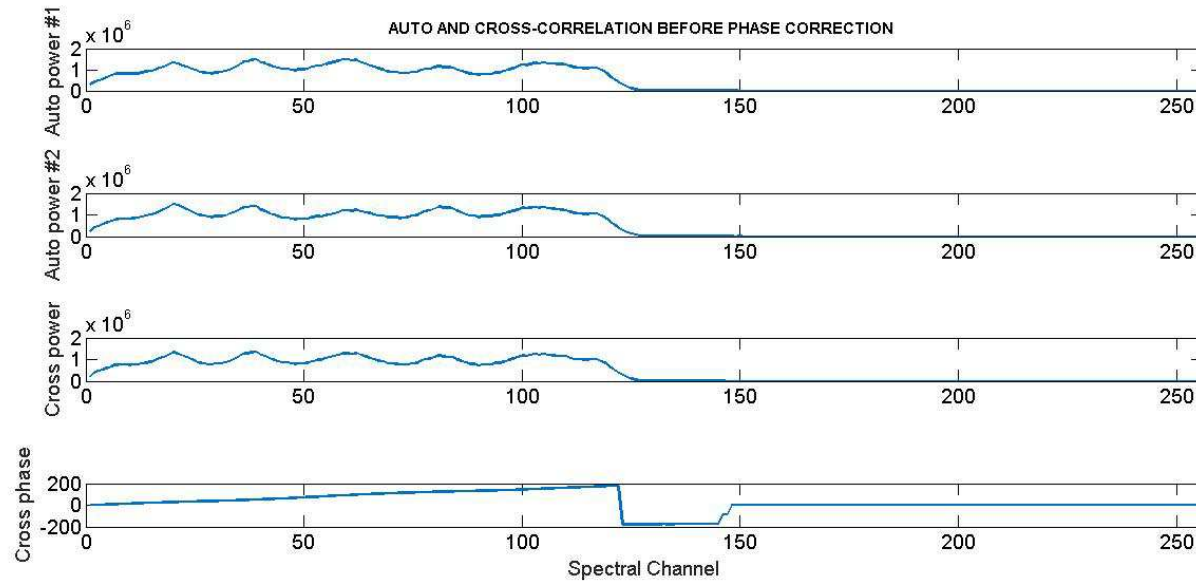
- Tests carried using directional antenna in free-space test range

- Operate the ASTRON FPA beamformer in parallel to compare the results

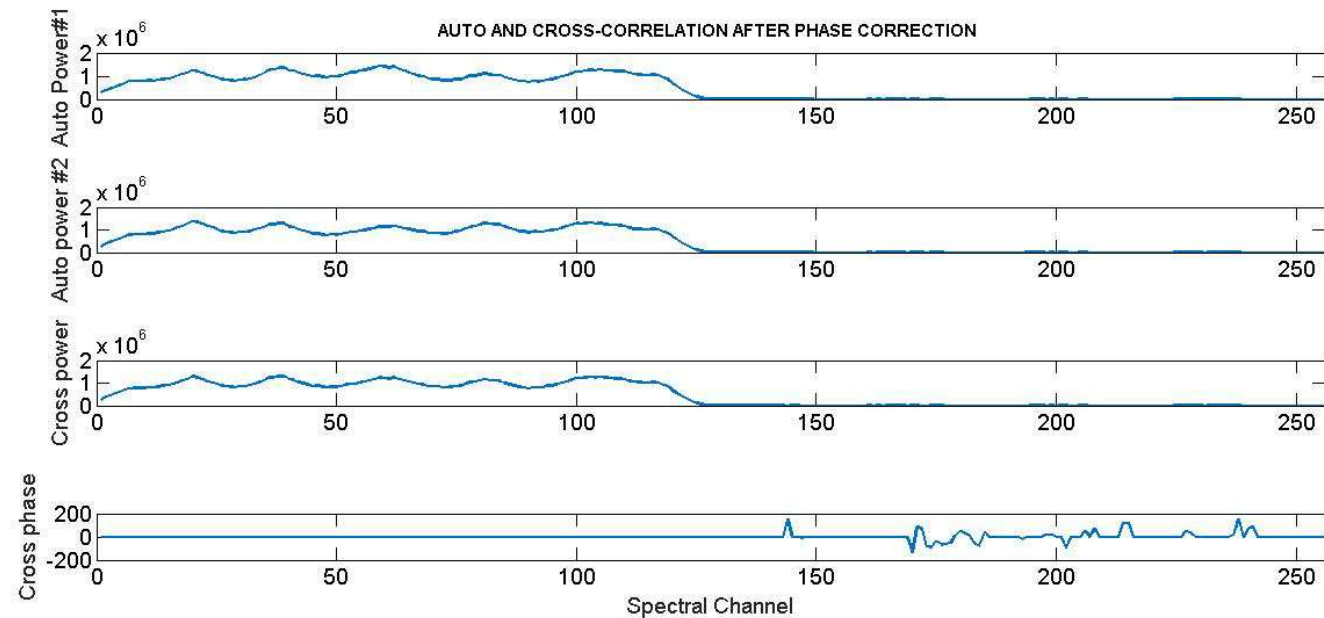




# Basic tests: Phase Correction

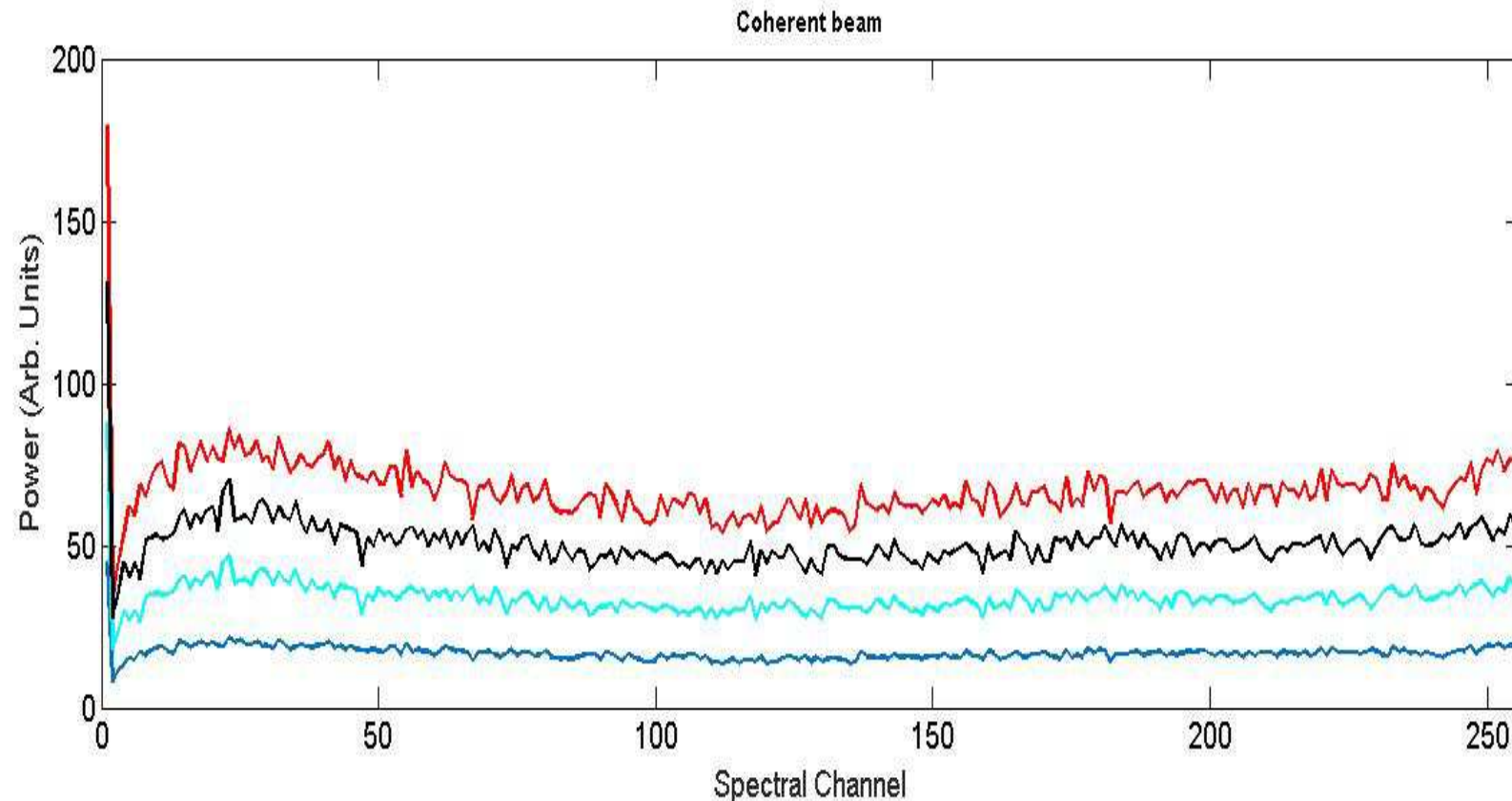


Before Phase correction (left)

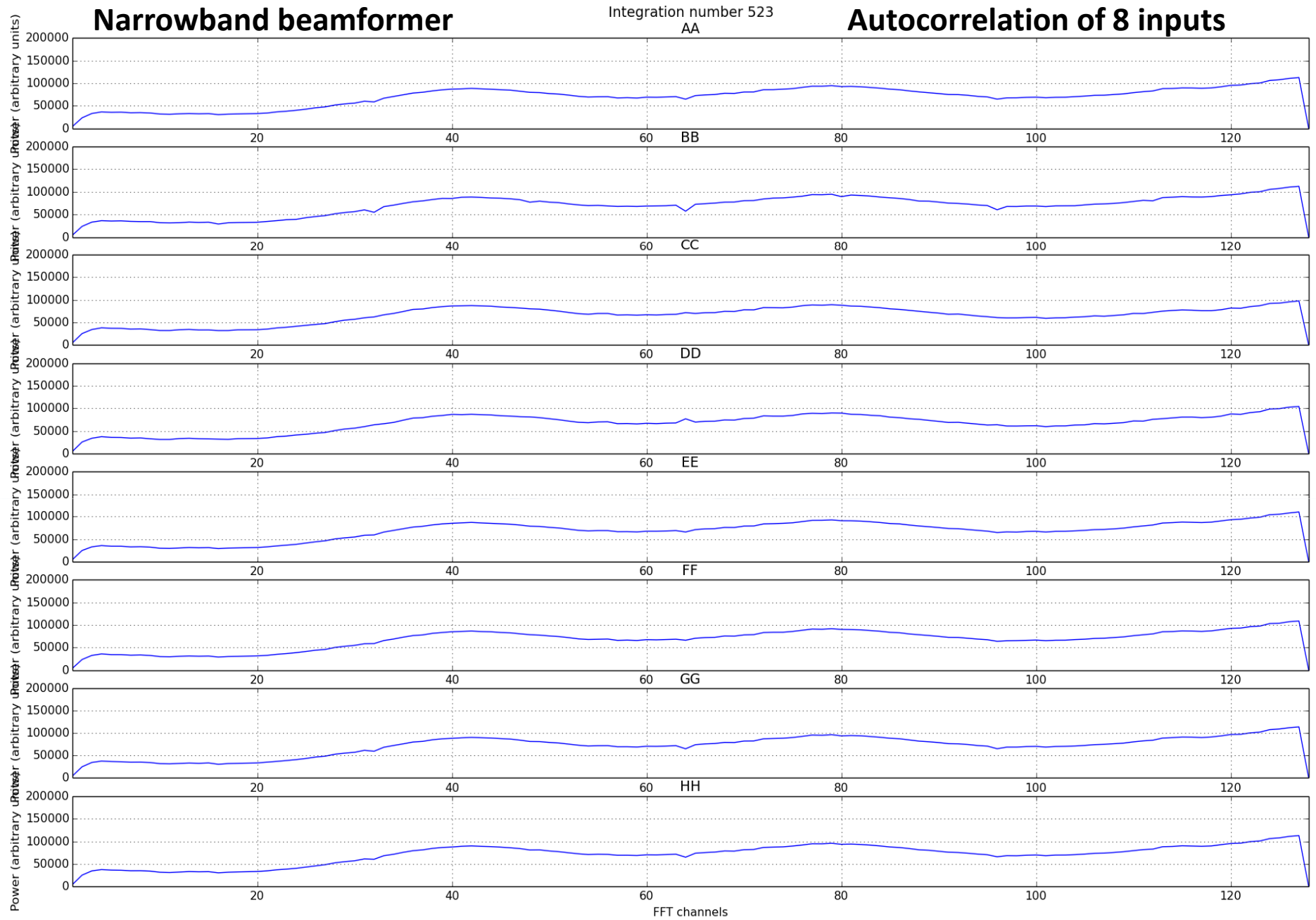


After Phase correction (right)

# Basic tests: Addition of beams



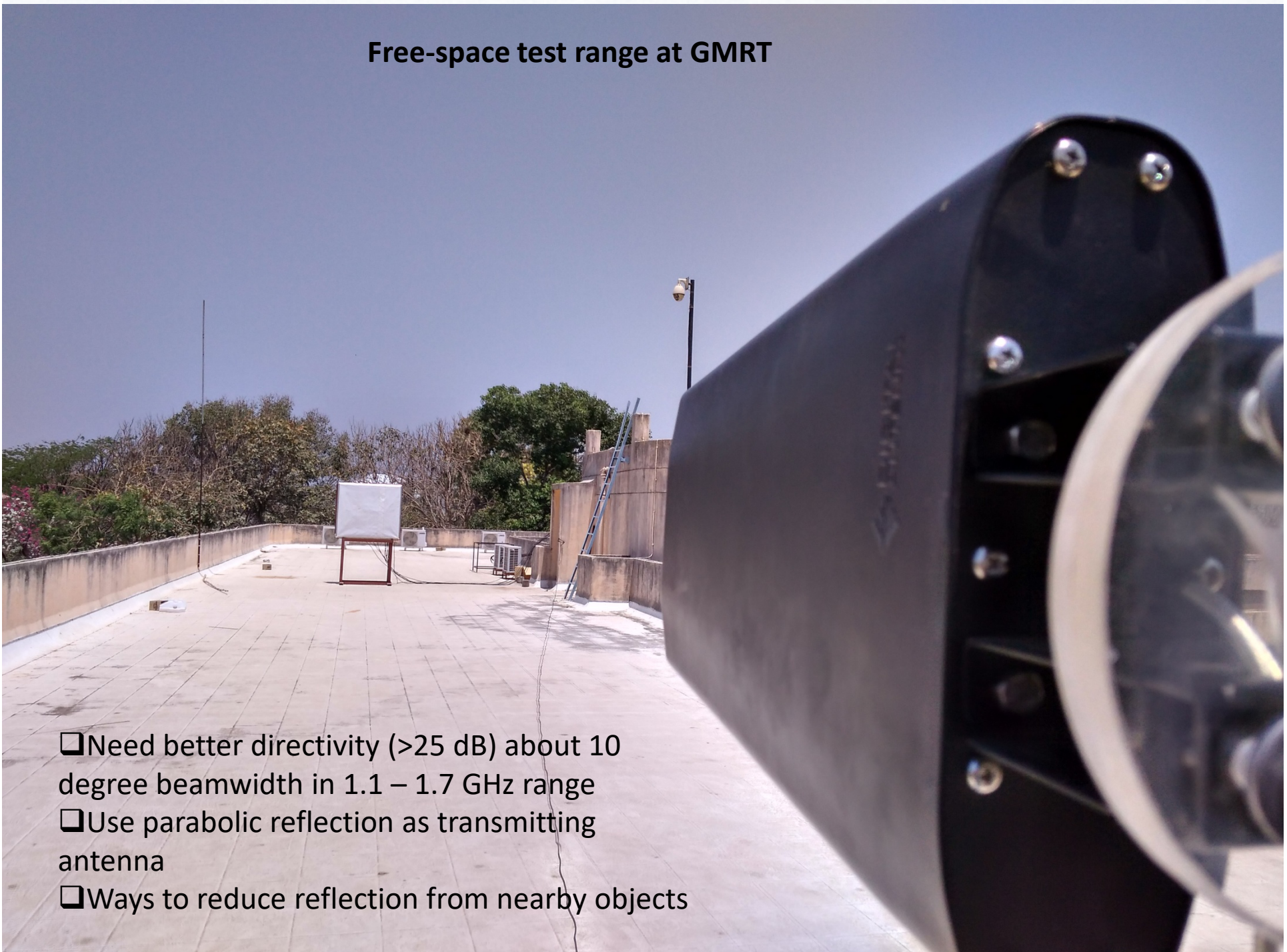
**Coherent beamforming using four elements – single element (blue), two elements (cyan), three elements (black), four elements (red)**





## Free-space test range at GMRT

- Need better directivity ( $>25$  dB) about 10 degree beamwidth in 1.1 – 1.7 GHz range
- Use parabolic reflection as transmitting antenna
- Ways to reduce reflection from nearby objects



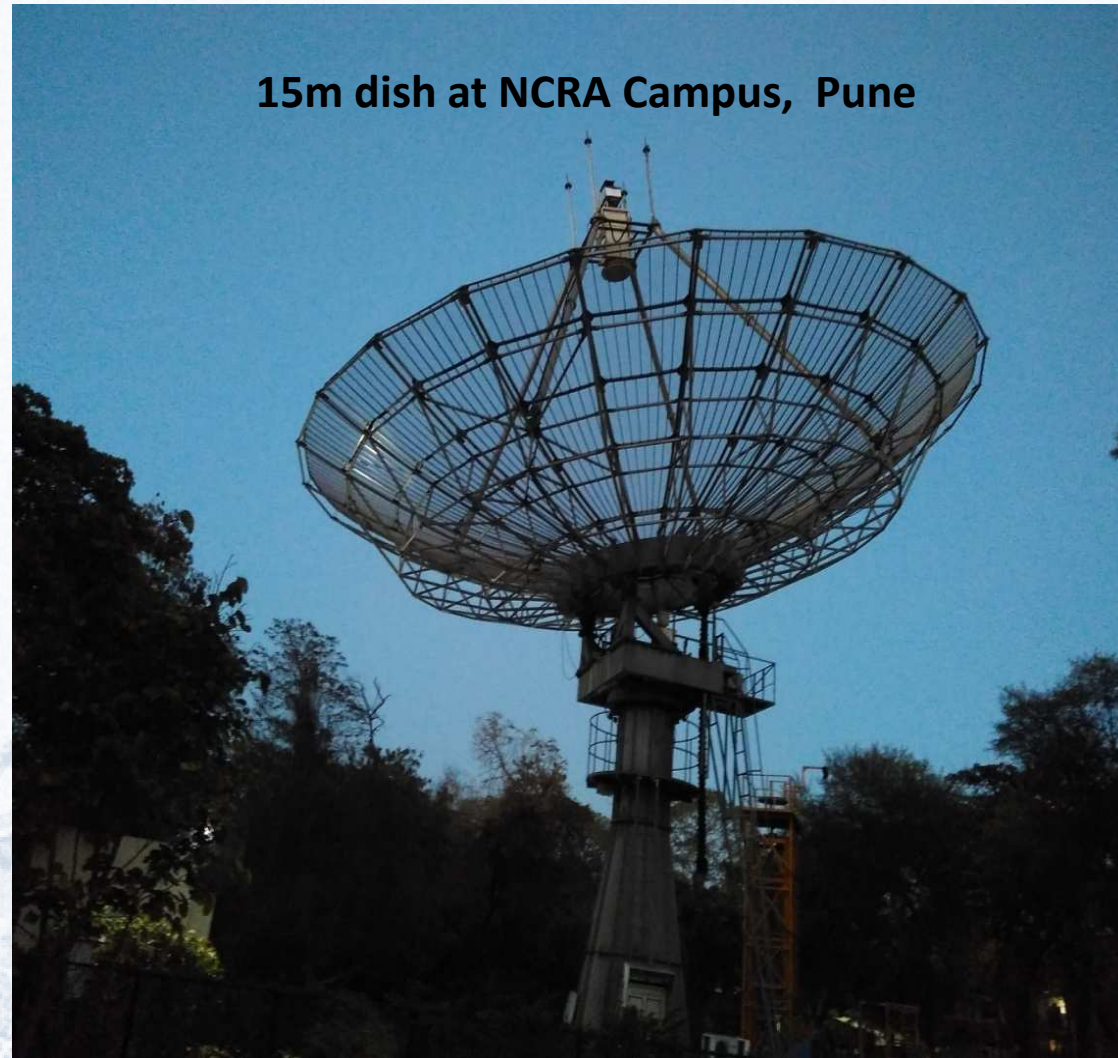
# Summary

- ❑ Developing wide-band multi-beam multi-element FPA beamformer – basic design done on ROACH-1, testing in progress
- ❑ Scalable architecture with offline correlation (or through reconfiguration of FPGA) and beamforming being developed
- ❑ Developing designs and testing narrowband FPA beamformer (in progress) – FPGA , software option (CPU/GPU) also being developed
- ❑ Characterizing and testing the FPGA-based beamformers with the ASTRON FPA
- ❑ Determining the best architecture, platform and cost estimates for the prototype 300 MHz FPA beamformer – ROACH-2, SNAP, SKARAB (?) (Inputs from the collaboration are welcome)



# Future Plans

Mount the FPA on 15m dish at NCRA campus (Pune) for tests





# Acknowledgements

## **Current team members**

Atul Ghalame

Siddhesh Hande

Ajithkumar B. (Co-I, eGMRT proposal)

Jayaram Chengalur (Co-PI, eGMRT proposal)

Yashwant Gupta (Co-PI, eGMRT proposal)

Nissim Kanekar (PI, eGMRT proposal)

## **Past team members**

Bela Dixit

Priya Hande

## **GMRT groups**

Backend Group

Computer Group

Frontend & OFC group

Mechanical, Electrical & Civil groups

Thank You!

